THE WAYNE HERALD.

TWENTY-EIGHTH YEAR. WAYNE, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1904. NUMBER 2.

Jones Bookstore

is making preparation for a large and complete line of - - - - - - - -

Wall Paper, Mouldings and Window Shades

It will be a new, tasty and up-to-date stock. We shall have patterns that will make that room beautiful and at a moderate expense. We frame pictures and sell picture frames - - - - - - -

Jones Bookstore

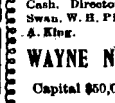
GOOD FUEL

Genuine Hocking
Lump and Washed Nut,
Rock Springs Nut,
Wilming on Star Lump,
Scranton Hard Coal.

PHILLEO & SON

DR. J. C. Clark, Eye Specialist

BOLTON BLOCK, SIOUX CITY, IA.



Furnishes glasses to relieve headache, nervousness, red inflamed lids crossed eyes, blurring.

WILL BE IN WAYNE MAR. 21, 1904

B. F. Swan, Pres; P. L. Miller, V. Pres; Jas G. Miller, Cash; O. A. King, Ass't Cash. Directors—P. L. Miller, B. F. Swan, W. H. Piugrey, J. G Miller, O. A. King.

WAYNE NATIONAL BANK

Capital $50,000. Surplus $7,000

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

WM. DAMMEYER

2 DOORS WEST OF P. O.

CIGAR FACTORY

Spring Suits, Jackets, Silk Wraps, Skirts

and Gravenette Rain Coats

SPECIAL SALE

showing all the new things in above lines. Samples from the old and reliable house of Percival Palmer Co., of Chicago. All day

Friday, February 19

You Are Invited

THE RACKET

R. F. LEAP

Dealer in

Groceries and Confectionery, Cigars, Fruits and Nuts. Everything fresh and of best quality.

.....Minnesota Flour.....

None Better---Every Sack is guaranteed.

TWO DOORS SOUTH OF DAVIES' BOOK STORE

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Perhaps you like your gray hair; then keep it. Perhaps you don't remember—Hall's Hair Renewer always restores color to gray hair. Stops falling hair, also.

FROZEN TO DEATH

Body of Walter A. King Found in a Creamery.

DISAPPEARED DECEMBER 23

Helpless Child Abandoned and Allowed to Die—Arrested for Selling Mortgaged Property—History of the 45-Year-Old Butter—Wakefield Proposes to Push Telephone Building.

Wakefield proposes to revive and reorganize its brass band.

The fire department at Norfolk was called out for duty four times last Thursday.

Emerson barbers have entered an agreement to close their shops Sundays after March 1.

The debate between the Carroll and Winside schools will be held at the latter place the 26th inst.

The two leading stores at Wakefield—the Fair Store and Ekeroth, Carlson & Co's. store—have consolidated.

The Stanton Picket states that Nathan Chace continues to improve and his recovery is now expected.

H C. Pershing has sold the Pierce County Leader to A. H. Backhaus, a newspaper man of experience and ability.

It is announced that bids for rebuilding the asylum at Norfolk will be opened for consideration on the 20 h inst.

The Laurel Advocate warns its readers against traveling doctors, operating in that vicinity, and urges them to patronize local talent if their health needs fixing.

W. H. Bucholz has resigned as president of the Norfolk National bank to accept a position as cashier of the Central bank of Oakland, Cal., to which place he will remove in March.

Today is the Chinese New Year's holiday and the only Chinaman in Norfolk, Sam Goon, has shipped in a lot of choice firewater and fireworks with which to celebrate the occasion.

The Winnebago Indians who were taken to Paris for exhibition, have been returned to the reservation. The enterprise proved a failure because the redskins became addicted to drinking absyninthe.

Z. T. Funk returned to his home at Laurel last week after having an eye removed in an Omaha hospital. The eye was blind and had become diseased and it finally became necessary to have it taken out.

John P. D. John is to lecture in Carroll the 16th, discussing the question as to whether "God made man or man made God." Viewing the manner many people strut through the world one would conclude the latter to be correct.

W. J. Coffel, charged with selling mortgaged property in Dixon county, was arrested at Missouri Valley last week and taken to Ponca where he was given a hearing and bound over to the circuit court with bonds fixed at $1,000. He formerly lived seven miles northwest of Emerson. It is alleged that he had sold mortgaged property at different times to the banks at Emerson, Wakefield and Allen.

The dead body of a newly born babe was found in a box car at North Bend Friday evening, and as the car had just been hauled from Fremont it is thought the infant was put in the car there by some merciless wretch. The babe had the appearance of having been dead but a short time and there was no evidence of violence. To abandon a helpless child and cause its death, is cold blooded murder.

Mrs. Harriet Pilcher who was closely associated with the history of the butter lately found in a spring near Decatur, where it was deposited 44 years ago, explains that a few months after her marriage she and her husband went to visit her mother who presented the jar of butter to them. On their way home they stopped with the family of Stephen Decatur and while there put the butter in the spring. Later they could not find it.

The Wakefield Republican says it is informed that the farmers straight north of town and those living on the south road one mile west of town wish to have the Home Telephone Co. build phone lines for them and understand that this company will comply with their wishes as soon as spring opens and the frost is out of the ground. In the meantime they are working in their exchange in this village and will have it in operation in a few weeks if the weather will permit.

The dead, frozen body of Walter A. King who disappeared from Norfolk December 23 last, was found in a creamery near that city Sunday afternoon. There was no evidence of suicide or murder, and it is believed he froze to death. He had build a fire in the cover of a creamery can, which was found partially filled with ashes. The young man had become reckless in his habits and had remained away from home for several days prior to his disappearance. King was a brother of Mrs. Wm. McCune, formerly of this place.

A merchant in town informs the writer that he intends to spend $300 the coming year in advertising and printing. He has been doing the same thing for the past two years and says his advertising never costs him a cent, but that it has made him money. When an advertiser talks that way to a newspaper man he feels very much as if his work was not in vain. There are other merchants who spend that amount or nearly as much. It is this kind of advertising that makes Manson one of the best trading points in this part of the state.—Manson (Iowa) Journal.

TIMELY WARNING.

(St. Louis Advocate.)

We would be very glad to impress upon our brothers of the country press the great dangers that lie in wait for the multitude of young girls that are flocking to St. Louis, and notably at this time. The country press is a tremendous power for good, and if they could keep this matter before their readers, constantly warning all as to the open door to ruin, many might be saved who else were lost. The gateway to St. Louis is the great union depot which is beset with a thousand snares for unwary feet. Any young girl who comes through the gates into the midway is at once spotted, and if it be possible the snare will be so spread in her path that she cannot escape. No girl should come here unless absolutely certain as to her course. The many tempting advertisements are often mere baits for ignorance and innocence. And if she comes to the city ready to enter the first carriage whose driver proposes to take her to a good, cheap boarding place, or to accept the first situation offered where "no experience is required" she may as well bid adieu to innocence and hope when she leaves her home. And as a matter of course, the young man is almost equally exposed as far as moral or even physical safety is concerned. If the country papers will only keep these things before their readers they will serve God and humanity.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Real estate transfers for two weeks ending February 9, 1904, reported by I W. Alter, bonded abstracter, Wayne, Nebraska:

Rollie W Ley to Anna M Newkirk middle 50 ft lts 10 11 12 blk 13 N add to Wayne	$1400
C R Munson to Jas T Estep lts 8 9 10 blk 3 Coll Hill add Wayne	50
David Krause to Peter Garbowski lts 23 24 blk 5 B & P's 2nd add Winside	400
State of Nebraska to Leopold Rehmus nw 36-25-2	1300
State of Nebraska to John G Foster se 36-25-1	1120
Chas S Beebe to J F French lt 17 blk 5 N add Wayne	1600
Bert Brown to C M Craven ne 7-26-3	5700
Jas Dobbin to Citizens Bank lts 1 2 3 Coll Hill add Wayne	100
E P Olmsted to T B Heckert lts 10 11 12 blk 5 Lake's add Wayne	4500
T B Heckert to E P Olmsted ne 19-25-1	1800
C S Straight to R J Kibby lts 30 31 32 Coll Hill add Wayne	231
Carrie Norling to Peter Kautz lts 5 6 blk 4 Hoskins	500
Mintie Edgerton to Burle Craig lt 6 blk 6 Lake's add Wayne	1200
C L Olds to Jas A Elliott lt 2 blk 2 B & P's 2nd add Winside	25
John Reinhart to Oscar Reinhart e of nw 30-25-4	4000
J C Procter to John Harrington sw 13-27-2	4612
State of Neb to Hamer F Wilson s of ne 8 26 4	534
J A Jones to W B Hornby lt 15 blk 12 1st add Carroll	475
Audrew F Jonson to Frederick Miller lts 1 2 3 4 5 6 blk 12 Hoskins	700

Musical comedy seems to have great hold on the public nowadays. In New York "Floradora" ran for two months during the past summer. Six big musical comedies ran all summer long on Broadway. The latest and one of the best candidates for public favor in the musical comedy line is "A Runaway Match" which comes to the opera house Saturday, Feb. 20th. It is one of the brightest and cleverest, daintiest pieces of the kind ever afforded to the American public. Now a musical comedy is not complete without sextette. The special feature of "A Runaway Match" this season is "Nancy Brown" sextette. Nancy Brown is one of the most popular songs of the day, having been sung all summer long in the big city productions. There is also a male quartette, a mixed quartette and a number of other bright and telling specialties.

Attend the sale of household goods at Strickland's barn Saturday afternoon. A first class Singer sewing machine will also be offered.

Did you see the fine line of brushes at Lane's Drug Store? Hair, cloth, tooth, nail, lather and bath brushes.

Buy for cash and coupons for dishes, at Gandy's.

GREAT MAJESTIC COOKING EXHIBIT....

Now on at Terwilliger Bros. Don't miss it.

WAYNE COLLEGE

Is Greatly in Need of a New Building.

ONE PROPOSED TO COST $15,000

Larger Quarters Needed to Accommodate the Steadily Increasing Attendance of Students—Bright Prospects for Growth With the Proposed Improvement—College is of Inestimable Benefit to Wayne.

More room for the Wayne college is indispensable to a full realization of its possibilities. When the present buildings were provided there were ample accommodations, but the steady increase of attendance from year to year has rendered them clearly insufficient. There is every indication that the future will double the influx of students if the college quarters are enlarged to accommodate them. The class rooms and audience room are too small and, in fact, all departments are more or less cramped. A new building to cost not less than $15,000 is needed this year and will not fail to materialise if the past enterprise of President Pile and the public is a criterion of what may be expected.

The value of a college to a community is inestimable. It helps every man's business directly or indirectly. It brings desirable families to the city and neighboring farms. It broadens and improves society. Every dollar made by the institution is devoted to improvements and is thus a benefit to the town.

As founder and president of the college, Mr. Pile deserves great credit. Many well remember the precarious struggle of the institution during its first years and the untiring, persevering energy with which the worthy president pushed forward his enterprise. Many would have become discouraged and abandoned it, but not so with the man at the helm. His indomitable will and managing ability led to a triumph over all obstacles and the building up of a school that would be a credit to a town ten times the size of Wayne. He is now assured of continued success, and the public shares in enjoying the fruitage of his many years of hard work.

The proposed new building would invite increased attendance and further add to the institution's prosperity and thus enable it to improve its facilities and enlarge its scope. The public, regarding the benefits to be derived, will doubtless lend encouragement and aid in developing the worthy enterprise.

ATTEMPTED BANK ROBBERY.

The following dispatch in Monday's Daily News tells of a fierce encounter between citizens and bank robbers at Martinsburg, Dixon county, early Monday morning:

For two hours early in the day a pitched battle between five bank robbers and the citizens of this village raged fiercely. Behind a barricade the robbers kept up a fusillade of shots, replying to the volleyings of citizens in concealment just across the street from the Martinsburg State bank, in which also the postoffice is located.

In the end four men, who were especially active in the fight, maneuvered so successfully that they could sweep the bank with a hail of lead, and the robbers—one of them apparently wounded—were compelled to retreat under a hot fire, sending back bullet for bullet as they ran. They seized a team which they had stolen and made good their escape.

The bank safe was blown to pieces, some of the iron being hurled through the ceiling and the floor, during the ten explosions of nitroglycerine, but the robbers while on the verge of getting $1,800 in the steel chest, were forced to flee. They secured only $70 in postage stamps which were locked inside the safe outside the steel chest.

The entire population of Martinsburg—numbering about ninety people—were up. Behind the barricade, Sheriff Muskell found about a hatful of cartridge shells, 32, 38 and 44 caliber, thrown there by the robbers during the battle. The bank windows were blown out, the furniture damaged and the safe was a wreck. Both doors had been torn off, the bottom torn loose and blown into the floor. A heavy piece of the top of the safe had been hurled through the ceiling.

TOO MUCH SALT.

There are tricks in all trades and even the farmer, upon some occasions, has a game that he can play. At least one farmer who sold something which ought to have been butter but wasn't, to the Fair store, was next to a thing or two. Down in the middle of a pound of yellow, tempting butter which anyone might think was made from a rich Jersey cream, was inserted a long, strong, thick bar of salt which had cost about one cent and which was paid for by the Fair store people at the rate of fourteen cents a pound.

A customer who bought the butter sliced it open with a knife. The stamp upon the top of the butter is known to the store and the farmer will be arrested and prosecuted upon the charge of securing the money under false pretenses.—Norfolk News.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Examinations will be held on the third Saturday and Friday preceding in January, February and March, 1904.

C. H. BRIGHT, Co. Supt.

All ads are strictly cash after Jan. 10th, 1904, at Gandy's.

WALL PAPER

Best quality.
Latest designs at the
Lowest prices

SCHOOL SUPPLIES, ORGANS, CHICKERING BROS. AND HAMILTON PIANOS

M. S. DAVIES'

BOOK AND MUSIC HOUSE

Financial Standing Unaffected

PHOENIX INSURANCE COMPANY
Of Brooklyn, New York

CHICAGO, ILL., Feb 9, 1904.

We are pleased to be able to inform you that our Baltimore losses are only $200,000 which is about one twenty fifth of the Company's annual income.

The losses will, of course, be as promptly adjusted and paid as though we were involved for one-tenth the amount. Yours truly,

J. H LENEHAN General Agent.

Policies placed in Matheny's Fire Insurance Agency, Wayne, Nebraska, are safe.

WE WANT TO BET

Every man, woman and child in Wayne or any other county the price of a 50-cent bottle of

Syrup of Tar Compound

(RAYMOND'S COUGH SYRUP)

That it will Stop that Cough

That it will cure that hoarseness and relieve that sore throat. If it don't we will pay for it.

Raymond's Drug Store

Raymond's Headache Cure cures the ache. 25 Cents.

The Malleable

Best Range on the Market

Has all the good points of other makes, with other desirable improvements added. The "Malleables" have more than satisfied the expectations of people who have bought them. Investigate their superior merits and you will have no other kind.

FOR SALE BY

NEELY & CRAVEN

Foreign Students in Germany.

The "outlanders," or foreign students in German universities number 2,731, or more than 7 per cent. of the total of 37,818 matriculated students. Berlin, Heidelberg and Leipsic are the favorite institutions for foreigners, who constitute 15 per cent. of the student body in each. The students from Russia in all the universities aggregate 860; Austria-Hungary follows with 536; America contributes 270; Switzerland, 253; England, 149, and Asia, 133. It is noteworthy that nearly all the Asians are Japanese, and it is rather surprising that so many as 36 Turks are enrolled.

Three Doctors' Opinions.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 15th.—Physicians have accepted Dodd's Kidney Pills as the standard remedy for diseases of the Kidneys and kindred complaints. R. H. Dunaway, M. D., of Benton, Ill., says:—

"Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me of Diabetes after everything else had failed and I was given up to die. I have since prescribed them in my regular practice for every form of Kidney Trouble and have never as yet known them to fail."

Jesse L. Limes, M. D., St. John, Kansas, says:—

"I prescribed Dodd's Kidney Pills for the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. McBride of this place, who suffered from Epileptic fits following Scarlatina; results were miraculous; I have never seen anything like it."

Leland Williamson, M. D., Yorktown, Ark., says:—

"Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best medicine I know of for all forms of Kidney Disease. I believe in using the remedy that relieves and cures my patients whether ethical or not, and I always prescribe Dodd's Kidney Pills and can testify that they invariably accomplish a permanent and perfect cure of all Kidney Complaints."

As Explained.

Benson—Why does your friend Miggles always carry his watch in the rear pocket of his trousers?

Dawson—Oh, he's a crank on punctuality.

Benson—But what has that got to do with carrying his watch as aforesaid?

Dawson—Why, it enables him to always show up a little ahead of time.

As Explained.

Brownovitch—Old Blowitz never attends church, does he?

Smithinsky—No; it isn't necessary.

Brownovitch—Because why?

Smithinsky—Oh, he's one of those self-made men who are always praising their maker.

Had a Thinking Part.

Magistrate—Were you present during the quarrel between this man and his wife?

Witness—Yes, your honor.

Magistrate—What did the man say?

Witness—Nothing. She didn't give him a chance to get a word in edgeways.

Have used Piso's Cure for Consumption nearly two years, and find nothing to compare with it.—Mrs. Morgan, Berkeley, Cal., Sept. 2, 1901.

Not Honor Men.

One of the characters of the old navy was Captain Percival, familiarly called "Mad Jack," whose waggish and irascible saying not only amused his contemporaries, but are still going the rounds. At one time, says the New York Tribune, the son of one of his old friends was appointed a midshipman.

As there was no naval academy in those days at Annapolis, the lad was drafted to Captain Percival's ship.

The father wrote at once to his friend to announce the fact that his son was on shipboard, and after the usual parental recommendations to mercy, he closed his letter with:

"My son has entered upon a profession where he will go down to his grave, wept, honored and sung; or unwept, unhonored and unsung."

The young midshipman had not been on board long before he aroused the wrath of his commander, who at once sat down and wrote to the lad's father:

"My Dear Sir. Your son is going to the grave unwept, unhonored and unsung."

At another time, when Captain Percival was a member of the board for the examination of candidates for midshipman's warrants, a son of another friend came before the board. After the examination Percival, wishing to announce the result to the boy's father, wrote, with delightful implication:

"Dear Old Messmate. Your boy has passed. Do you recollect our taking the Columbus out of dock? She just grazed."

SURE.

The Robust Physique Can Stand More Coffee Than a Weak One.

A young Virginian says: "Having a naturally robust constitution far above the average, and not having a nervous temperament, my system was able to resist the inroads upon it by the use of coffee for some years, but finally the strain began to tell.

"For ten years I have been employed as telegraph operator and typewriter by a railroad in this section, and until two years ago I had used coffee continually from the time I was eight years old, nearly 20 years.

"The work of operating the telegraph key is a great strain upon the nerves, and after the day's work was over I would feel nervous, irritable, run down, and toward the last suffered greatly from insomnia and neuralgia. As I never indulged in intoxicating liquors, drugs or tobacco in any form I came to the conclusion that coffee and tea were causing the gradual break-down of my nervous system, and having read an article in the Medical Magazine on the composition of coffee and its toxic effects upon the system, I was fully convinced that coffee was the cause of my trouble.

"Seeing Postum spoken of as not having any of the deteriorating effects of coffee I decided to give up the stimulant and give Postum a trial. The result was agreeably surprising. After a time my nerves became wonderfully strong; I can do all my work at the telegraph key and typewriter with far greater ease than ever before. My weight has increased 35 pounds, my general health keeping pace with it; and I am a new man and a better one.—Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

CROSS-PURPOSES; OR, Saved at the Altar.

A Story of An American Girl.

BY MATTIE DYER BRITTS.

CHAPTER V.

When Aunt Madeline came up next morning Vance told her not to send his breakfast up, for he was coming down. "It may hurt you seriously."

"Not a bit worse than to fret up here, aunty! I'm not going to be coddled like a baby over nothing but a sprained ankle! Just send Sam to look up some crutches, please!"

Miss Madeline knew that when Vance would have his way he would, so she called Sam, the crutches were brought from the garret, and Vance hobbled into the dining room just as the family were sitting down to breakfast.

"Why, hello, my boy! Able to be about already?" was the Squire's greeting.

"Yes, sir. Couldn't be a prisoner any longer! Good morning, Marcia. Good morning, Mr. Le Dru."

"Good morning, Vance. I'm glad you are better," said Marcia, with a bright smile.

Mr. Louis, his handsome face expressing deep delight, rose from his chair and warmly shook hands with Vance, saying:

"Good morning, good morning! I am indeed happy if the accident, of which I was the unfortunate cause, prove but slight. You Kentucky fellows must be blessed with plenty of pluck, Douglas, or you would not be on foot to-day."

"There are worse things than a sprained ankle," returned Vance, lightly, as he took his seat at the table. "Mine shall not longer prevent me from enjoying your social circle."

"'By the way, youngsters," said the old Squire, "Louis will find the old hall very dull unless you give him some entertainment. You must show him our country society."

"Of course we mean to do something for his entertainment, papa," said Marcia. "Can you suggest a beginning for to-day? But remember Vance can't go out, and we will not leave him alone."

"Never mind me," put in Vance.

But the Squire answered: "Send for somebody to come here, then. The Leslies and Florry Edwards."

"Good!" cried Marcia. "Papa, that's a grand idea of yours! We'll act on it immediately! Just the nicest girls, Mr. Le Dru! I shall insist upon your falling in love with Mary Leslie straightway!" And she gave him an arch, laughing glance.

"Yesterday I might! To-day I am in no danger," said Le Dru, in a low tone, as they passed out of the dining room.

"Nonsense!" returned Marcia, blushing rosily, and hurrying away from him to send the invitations.

Vance overheard Louis' low words, too, and ground his teeth hard, but kept silent for the present. Marcia's messenger promptly returned, saying the invitations were all accepted, and the young folks would come over early, so as to avoid the heat.

Miss Madeline at once carried the news to her satellites in dining room, and kitchen, desiring Aunt Nerve to see that everything came up in proper order.

The first guests to arrive at the Hall were Mag and Myra Leslie, accompanied by their harum-scarum, good-hearted brother Dick. Dick was taken at once to the parlor and presented to Mr. Le Dru. The girls were attended upstairs to take off their things, by Marcia herself. They were full of kindly concern for Vance's accident, and of girlish curiosity concerning the young Carolinian.

"I suppose you think you've got a new beau, Miss Sly-boots!" said Maggie, shaking out the folds of her scarlet-trimmed, black grenadine.

"Oh, no! I'm going to give him to you!" was Marcia's laughing answer.

"Oh, no, Marcia; say me!" cried Myra, who was looking even prettier than usual in the lilac summer silk and dainty laces so becoming to her fair complexion and gold-red hair. "Say me! Mag knows Lou Edwards wouldn't let her look at him!"

They descended to the parlor to pass muster under Mr. Le Dru's killing eyes, both mentally pronouncing him "splendid." Mr. Louis generally carried woman-kind by storm.

The introductions were hardly over when Florence and Lionel Edwards were announced, and the ceremony was repeated for their benefit. Dick Leslie did not take to Mr. Louis at all, and he seized the first opportunity to say to Marcia, unheard by the rest:

"See here, Marcia, don't you let that black-eyed, curly-pated young jack-a-dandy make you turn the cold shoulder to us homespun fellows! We won't stand it, you know!"

"Hush, Dick!" returned Marcia, "I won't let you speak so discourteously of our guest."

"Oh, no offense meant," said Dick. "He may be a first-rate fellow, only I can't say I quite admire his dancing-master style. But it's all right if you won't be too polite to him."

"I'm in no danger, Dick, besides, I've selected him for your future brother-in-law."

The day passed very pleasantly. The young people kept up such a merry tumult that the spirit was contagious, and Squire Douglas was induced to forsake his library and join them long before dinner. And such a dinner! Aunt Nerve and old Hitty had outdone themselves for the occasion, and spread a feast fit for a king, to which ample justice was done by young and old.

In the afternoon they had a game of croquet on the lawn. Vance, of course, could not join it, and Florence did not care to play. They had an even six without her, so her excuse was accepted, and while the others went out upon the lawn she sat by the long, wide, open parlor window with Vance, and watched the game. Next to Marcia, Vance regarded Florry as his dearest friend, and knowing she could not be more, Florence was glad to have that place.

For a few moments they sat silent, looking at the gay group outside, listening to the click of mallet and ball, and the sound of their merry laughter. Then Florence heard Vance sigh heavily. Glancing up, she saw him lean his head wearily against the back of his chair, gazing with thoughtful eyes out upon the lawn.

"A penny for your thoughts, Vance!" she said, gayly.

"Florry, did you never feel, without knowing why, as if some great trial was before you? Some crisis, beyond which life would never seem just the same?"

"Ah, had not the gentle girl known such hours? The soft light in her sweet eyes saddened as she answered, "Yes, Vance, I have had those feelings, more than once."

"Did they result in anything, Florry?"

"I have always thought so. Once was before my mother died. She was ill only two days, died very suddenly."

"I remember," said Vance. He waited a moment as if expecting her to say more. But Florry could not tell him that the second time she had those strange feelings was when she discovered her love for him, and fought the battle to crush it out of her heart.

Vance was very far from guessing that such had ever been the case. Presently he said, "I hardly suppose I could call my unpleasant feelings a presentiment of anything of that sort. And no doubt you would laugh at me if I said I had a bad dream yesterday, and could not rid myself of the impression it left."

"No, Vance, I would not laugh. I can't say I believe much in dreams, but bad ones are not pleasant enough to be laughing matters, at least."

"No, I have not pinned my faith to them either. But I do not believe that it is true that our dreams are often the 'echoes of our waking thoughts.'" He paused a moment, then, as Florry seemed waiting for him to speak, he went on: "I believe, that is, I fear, I may have some reason to expect changes and perhaps trouble."

Florence hesitated a moment, then she said: "Anything you are willing to confide to a true friend, Vance?"

He gave her a grateful glance, and said: "There is really nothing to confide, as yet. But if there should be, Florry, may I come to you? You have always been more like a sister than a friend to me, Florry."

"Then come to me freely, as you would to a sister, Vance. I will not betray your trust."

"Florry, how do you like Mr. Le Dru?"

"He is a very handsome man," said Florence.

Vance instantly saw that her words were not an answer to his question, but he was too well bred to press the point. So he observed: "There could hardly be two opinions on that point."

"Were you very intimate friends in college?" asked Florence.

"No, mere acquaintances, like dozens of other fellows. His visit is made to my uncle, I believe. His father and Uncle Samuel were lifelong friends, almost like brothers. The elder Le Dru is dead. He was not at all like his son, if I remember him rightly. But, naturally, Louis wished to visit his father's old friend, and was on his way here when we met him yesterday."

"His coming did not seem to herald good luck to you," said Florence. The instant the words were spoken, she regretted them. For, though the thought was unspoken, in both their hearts there was the feeling that the changes Vance feared would come through Mr. Le Dru.

But Vance seemed hardly to notice her unlucky words, for with his own his science, an odd thought struck him. If Mr. Le Dru, as he said, had been on his way to Douglas Hall, why did they meet him coming from the south end of the road, which led from the falls, and not from Frankfort? A rider from town would have turned the bend from the north, not from the south.

Vance had noticed this slight circumstance before. Now it occurred to him unpleasantly. Was there an explanation of it, or had Mr. Le Dru deliberately lied, the very first thing?

The yellow moon was peeping over the hill tops before our young friends separated, and after many warm good-nights and hospitable invitations the visitors rode away in the bright, dewy summer moonlight.

CHAPTER VI.

The visit at Douglas Hall was only the beginning of the merry round of calls, tea parties, picnics, rides and rambles enjoyed by our young folks, to many of which friends from Frankfort and Lexington were invited. And at all of these Mr. Le Dru was the bright particular star—of the ladies.

More gentlemen than Vance would have seen him take his departure for the "sunny South" without one regret. Vance only allowed his lame foot to imprison him for a few days; then he joined their pleasure parties as cheerfully as if not a care clouded his mind.

One morning they were talking of a picnic to the falls, when he turned to Louis and remarked, carelessly, "By the way, Le Dru, you have visited the falls, have you not?"

"I have not had that pleasure," answered Louis. "Why do you think so?"

"Only because, if I remember rightly, you were coming from that direction the morn when first we met."

"I had only missed the turn of the road which I had been told led to Douglas Hall, and as soon as I discovered my mistake I turned and galloped back to find it, finding you instead."

His explanation was so naturally given, that even Vance accepted it in good faith. Silly Vance, to imagine that so old a deceiver as Louis Le Dru could be caught in a trap so simple!

He had forgotten the existence of the Douglas family, until he met Vance and Marcia so unexpectedly. He was really taking a pleasure trip, for reasons of his own, and had indulged in the morning gallop from the hotel in Frankfort on a livery horse merely for recreation.

The truth which he did not tell was that Mr. Louis' affairs in the South were so involved that his absence for a time was very desirable, and just now he was in need of a quiet place in which to pass the summer. Good luck seemed to have fallen at his feet! Here was an elegant home open to him, most generous hospitality, and—a charming girl, the heiress of a great fortune.

Mr. Le Dru promptly decided to stay, and become the future master of Douglas Hall, if he possibly could—notwithstanding! But that sentence Mr. Louis was very careful never to finish, even in the silence of his own chamber, so no one could say "notwithstanding" what?

"Papa, won't you go with us to-day?" asked Marcia, resuming her talk of the picnic.

"Thanks. No, I believe not," replied the Squire. "I prefer my newspapers and a nap in my chair to racing over hills and hollows at the speed of you youngsters."

She led him to his favorite seat on the cool front verandah, brought him his Frankfort morning journal, and parting the silvery hair from his broad brow, said affectionately:

"My darling old papa, I fear our giddy round has left you too much alone of late. Do you miss me, when I am gone?"

"I always miss my little girl," returned the old gentleman; "but I don't want to tie her bright youth down to my dull old age. I want her to run about and enjoy herself."

"I couldn't do that, papa, dear, if I knew you were lonesome at home. Wouldn't you rather I stayed with you to-day?"

"By no means, daughter! Besides, I shall be in Frankfort nearly all day, on business."

"All right, then; I'll go to the falls. But remember, I shall always gladly leave my merry-making to stay with my dear old papa."

"That's my darling girl! I know you would. Run along, now, and get your furbelows on, or they'll be waiting."

"Only Mr. Le Dru, papa. Vance's ankle is yet too weak to ride on horseback. He is to drive Florry over in his buggy."

Marcia bent to kiss him fondly, and hurried away, the old Squire's loving gaze following her until she was out of sight. When she came downstairs Mr. Le Dru was waiting for her on the steps, while Sam and Pete held the horses. Then he vaulted lightly upon his own horse and they rode away.

(To be continued.)

DISCOVERING A MAN.

The Story of a Tramp and a Homeless, Friendless Dog.

A tramp came slowly up the village street and stopped to lean against a post. We looked him over in his rags and dirt and general toughness, and wondered whether there was any tender sentiment left in his soul. One thought of him as having a craving for strong drink—of being ready with a lying tale of distress—of adding to his degradation day by day.

No, such a man could have no sentiment left. Some night have even wondered if the soul had not rebelled and parted company with the body. By and by, just as an officious looking constable was about to order the vagrant to move on, he was joined by a dog that fitly represented him. He was a cur of low degree in color, build and spirit, who had lagged on the way to gnaw a bone in the ditch. He was an estray—a homeless, friendless canine, and yet it was not so. The tramp smiled as the dog came up, and when the animal licked his hand he snapped his fingers and said:

"I was waitin' for ye, Bob, and runnin' my legs at the same time. Find anything to eat? Well, I haven't. Don't seem to be any free spread in this town to-day. Ready to go ahead, old dog?"

The tramp was still a tramp as we saw him, but his words of kindness to the cur, who owned to his mastery, told us that he had once been a man. The two had just moved out into the street to jog along, the man furtively glancing around as if he fully realized the hospitality of his kind, and the dog following close at his heels for protection, when a runaway team turned the corner. There were cries of warning, but the footsore man did not move quickly enough and was run down. When they had carried him into a stable and the doctor told him that he had not half an hour to live, he looked around for a few minutes and then asked for his dog. The animal was brought in and the crowd fell back that he might get to his master. The man painfully stretched out an arm, and the dog lay down on it with whimpers of satisfaction.

"Bob," said the dying master, "I've come to the end of my tramp, and we must part. Together we have padded off a thousand miles on the highways. We have slept in barns—under hay stacks, in fence-corners—in the woods. We've had good luck and bad, but we've shared and shared alike. You've heard me whistle, old dog, as I thought of the future, and you've seen my tears as I remembered the past. I'm only a tramp, Bob, with the world agin me, and you have been the only friend to stick to me. It's a pauper grave now, and you'll be left alone and friendless. It's not for me, Bob, but it's what's to become of you. Will you find a new tramp master? Lickin' my hand, poor old dog, and I can hear your whimpers, but it's turning dark and the road is long—and Bob, old dog—"

And we turned away our heads and whispered, each one to himself: "Behold! he was a man among men!"—Detroit Free Press.

How He Got His Title.

In the Senate cloakroom some one began chaffing Senator Blackburn on the great number of "generals," "majors" and "colonels" in Kentucky. Mr. Blackburn took the chaff in good part; indeed he even added to the merriment.

"A gentleman from Georgia who was visiting Lexington," he attests, "was presented to a Major Titherington, of that place. The Georgian, whose family has always been more or less inclined to the military, was charmed by the geniality of his new acquaintance, and, as Southerners are accustomed to do under such circumstances, began to question him as to his antecedents. Eventually they discovered that they were 'kin' in greater or less degree.

"'Now, tell me,' said the Georgian, 'how you gained the rank of major—in the civil war, I presume?'

"'No, sir,' replied the major.

"'Oh, I see!' responded the other, 'then you were perhaps in the volunteer service during the recent little affair with Spain?'

"'No, sir,' said the major imperturbably; 'to tell you the truth, sir, I am called 'major' because I married the widow of the late Major Sparks!'"—Saturday Evening Post.

A Lucky Drive.

A strange story of the discovery of an unsuspected art treasure comes from Canada. A Montreal art dealer was playing golf, and drove a ball through a window of a cottage. It struck a picture on the wall. The dealer paid handsome compensation, and also acquired the injured picture. It turned out, after cleaning and examination, to be a Dutch interior by Teniers, of the value of twenty-five hundred dollars. Half of this sum the dealer gave to the original owner, to her great surprise.

The London Engineer says that the production of potatoes in Germany will be even more important in the future on account of the increasing consumption of potato alcohol for automobile purposes.

In the United States there are 97,671 dry goods merchants.

WASHINGTON.

"The fame of Washington is so immense and the popular conception of his character so exalted, that some skeptical and fault-finding critics are disposed to question the universal estimate, and especially in the matter of his ability as a soldier and military commander. However much we may wish it otherwise, there is in human nature a recondite spirit of envy and detraction which instinctively feels the honors bestowed upon a great man to be an indirect reflection and rebuke to its own littleness and baseness. This spirit cropped out conspicuously in the case of Columbus, in the efforts to belittle his great exploit and to blacken his character. I do not say that criticisms upon Washington's generalship all proceed from base motives, but they doubtless do mostly come from the spirit and innate tendency which I have indicated. This unworthy spirit is as old as history, as old as humanity. It showed itself in a memorable fashion when the old Athenians wrote their sentence of banishment against Aristides because they were tired of hearing him called 'the just.'

"Great soldiers are to be judged not alone by success, by battles fought and victories won—though this, of course, is the great popular test—but by all the circumstances and difficulties in which they

MARTHA WASHINGTON.

are placed. There are great commanders in history who have won fame by avoiding battles, like the Roman Fabius, and even by great retreats like Xenophon with his ten thousand Greeks. If Washington is to be compared, to his disadvantage, with Napoleon, then the popular question is, would Napoleon, under the same circumstances, have done any better? It is enough for any commander that he fills the great measure of his requirement. This, of course, is not saying that Washington would have filled the place of Napoleon in the vastly different field and circumstances in which that great soldier won his fame. Nor should it be forgotten, all the while, that ultimately Washington succeeded and founded a nation, while Napoleon failed and lost an empire.

Washington's Difficult Task.

The difficulties which encountered Washington when he took up his great trust as commander-in-chief of the continental army were most complicated and immense. The theater of the struggle was a vast one, geographically, stretching along the Atlantic coast from Massachusetts to South Carolina, while the whole population was only three millions—not very much greater than that of the State of Michigan, and not so great into a million as that of Illinois. Out of this small, scattering and peaceful population an army was to be raised, organized and equipped capable of contending with the chief military and maritime power of the globe. And it was not to be a struggle between government and government, between one nation and another. It was a rebellion, and there was really no central authority, no arms or warlike stores, no navy, no treasury or financial system or responsibility. It was only a brave and patriotic people, small in numbers, without discipline or military experience, without arms and without money, rushing thus bare-handed into a conflict with the mother country, their own government; a powerful nation, which had recently been raised by the genius of the elder Pitt to the front rank among the great warlike nations of the world—a nation whose military posts and possessions already dotted the globe, whose victorious navies covered every ocean and sea, whose morning drum beat, as Webster said, was heard round the world. It was against such a power as this that this handful of patriots had thrown down the gage of rebellion and defiance.

Washington is known in history as a providential man; that is, a man raised up by Providence to fill a great place and perform a great mission. However this may be, he certainly had great parts and great and peculiar fitness for the most difficult and trying place which he filled in history. He had had experience in the previous Indian and French wars, and had proven himself a wise, competent and heroic officer. He had great personal advantages for command. He was of fine physique and imposing presence, a splendid horseman, carrying with him ever the port and air of authority and native majesty—an ideal commander.

So when this noble Virginian appeared before that northern army and drew his sword as their commander under those Cambridge elms his fame had preceded him and he was received with shouts of welcome and of confidence. Then all men knew it was to be a struggle to the death.

Hardly a better instance does history afford of patience under provocation, of dogged determination under difficulties, of unconquerable will and courage, holding on so long and coming out triumphant at last over such mighty opposition. These great qualities, as we have already seen, belonged to the man more than to the soldier. It was indeed the great man behind the soldier, the man with the great patriotic heart, with the wise head, and the lofty, unshaken soul, that brought us through that long and tremendous struggle and gave us our glorious place and opportunity among the nations. No other man on this continent but he could have done it. Greene, among the generals of the revolution, would have come nearest to it, but he would have failed.

But in looking over the whole field and record, in the light of all the facts and history, it will be seen that Washington made no military mistakes, that he improved all his opportunities, that his generalship will stand the test of criticism. He struck whenever he had the chance, his plans were good, and when compelled, his retreats were masterly.

WASHINGTON'S COACH.

Critics.

Soubrette—The leading lady's face is a study.

Comedian—Yes; a railroad study.

Soubrette—How so?

Comedian—There are so many different lines.

GEORGE WASHINGTON UP TO DATE.

That cherry tree episode with a few modern variations. Philadelphia Ledger.

Too Metropolitan.

Daniel Boone, who blazed the way for civilization in Kentucky, loved always to be a little in advance of the tide of emigration, where he need not be annoyed by the presence of other human beings. He went on to Missouri when Kentucky became "too crowded," and a gentleman who met him out there in 1803 records that he was about to go still farther.

"*I saw and conversed with Daniel Boone*," he wrote to his friends, "who was residing at the upper settlement on the Missouri. Although he was then eighty-eight years old, he was remarkably active, walked erect with much ease and agility, but observed that he could not shoot quite so well as formerly on a dark day.

"'I'm going to leave here right soon,' said Boone. 'It's getting too crowded. I never did like city life. There's as many as ten families settled round here now, and I'm tired of them. And there's more coming. I'm going to take out and move away up river, where I can live alone in comfort.'"

Retail Druggists' Endorsement.

When the rank and file of the 50,000 retail druggists of the United States endorse a medicine as the business method it certainly means it's a meritorious article. This endorsement proves that after the medicine has been sold to the public they know by the hundred of favorable comments on the part of their customers that the medicine will do all that is claimed for it. The 50,000 retail druggists of the United States endorse CASCARETS as the best and most popular cathartic of the kind in the country and it is no easy thing, indeed, to find a doctor who dishonestly tries to sell an imitation out of a bottle and says that it is just the same or "just as good" as CASCARETS. He don't belong to the honest 50,000 and when you find such a faker you certainly will be conferring a favor upon the community by reporting him at once to the Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. Every box of CASCARETS is guaranteed and the genuine is put up in blue metal boxes—the word Cascarets with the long-tailed "C" on the cover and every tablet is stamped C. C. C.

Why Tumblers Are So Called.

How many times a day do we use words without stopping to think what they mean! Every day at luncheon and at dinner we drink out of a tumbler. But I, for one, never thought why the large glass that holds our milk or water was so called until once upon a time I happened to have luncheon at All Soul's College, Oxford, where the curiosity of all the strangers present was excited by a set of the most attractive little round bowls of ancient silver, about the size of a large orange. These, we were told, were "tumblers," and we were speedily shown how they came by their name.

When one of these little bowls was empty it was placed upon the table, mouth downward. Instantly, so perfect was its balance, it flew back into its proper position, as if asking to be filled again. No matter how it was treated—trundled along the floor, balanced carefully on its side—up it rolled again and settled itself, with a few gentle shakings and swayings, into its place.—Selected.

10,000 Plants for 10c.

This is a remarkable offer the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., makes. They will send you their big plant and seed catalogue, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,000 blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

This great offer is made in order to induce you to try their warranted seeds—for when you once plant them you will grow no others, and

ALL FOR BUT 10c POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. (C. N. U.)

Asked and Answered.

"How do you account for the fact that so many widows lead bachelors to the marriage altar?" asked the youth.

"That's an easy one," replied the sage. "They have been there before and know the way."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Friends Worth Having.

Fred—Well, old chap, it's all settled. I'm going to marry Miss Willing next month, and I want you to act as best man.

Joe—You can count on me, my dear boy. I never desert a friend when misfortune overtakes him.

To Wash China Silk Dresses.

China silk dresses may be quite successfully washed. Remove all spots with benzine. Then wash in warm soapsuds, rubbing between the hands; rinse through several waters. Use Ivory Soap and do not rub the soap on the dress. Wring as dry as possible, wrap in a sheet or clean cotton cloth, and when partially dry, iron.

ELEANOR R. PARKER.

A Professional Opinion.

Druggist—According to a scientific writer salt is a cure for lunacy.

Doctor—Well, I know it's a cure for freshness, and that's usually the first state of lunacy.

Many School Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York. Break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels and Destroy Worms. Sold by all druggists or by mail, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

The recent report of the British postmaster general shows that picture cards to the number of 438,000,000 have passed through the office in a year.

Money refunded for each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES if unsatisfactory.

The vast retinue of servants employed by the late Queen Victoria are being carefully reduced in numbers by King Edward VII.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

More than 300 competitors have announced their intention to participate in the airship race for the $100,000 prize at St. Louis.

To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband should be a woman's constant study. If she would be all that she may, she must guard well against the signs of ill health. Mrs. Brown tells her story for the benefit of all wives and mothers.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** will make every mother well, strong, healthy and happy. I dragged through nine years of miserable existence, worn out with pain and weariness. I then noticed a statement of a woman troubled as I was; and the wonderful results she had had from your Vegetable Compound, and decided to try what it would do for me, and used it for three months. At the end of that time, I was a different woman, the neighbors remarked it, and my husband fell in love with me all over again. It seemed like a new existence. I had been suffering with inflammation and falling of the womb, but your medicine cured that, and built up my entire system till I was indeed like a new woman.—Sincerely yours, MRS. CHAS. F. BROWN, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark. Vice President Mothers Club.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

50,000 AMERICANS

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They are settled and settling on the Grain Growing Lands, and are prosperous and satisfied.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier recently said: "A new star has risen upon the horizon, and I toward it that every immigrant who leaves the land of his ancestors to come and seek a home for himself now turns his gaze"—**Canada.** There is

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YET 160 Homesteads given away. Schools, Churches, Railways, Markets, Climate, everything to be desired.

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Capsicum Vaseline

Put Up in Collapsible Tubes.

A Substitute for and Superior to Mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will cure the toothache at once, and relieves headache and sciatica.

We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for aches in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic complaints and gouty complaints.

A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say it is the best of all your preparations."

Price 25 cents, at all druggists, or other dealers, or by sending this amount in postage stamps, we will send you a tube by mail.

No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

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GOOD SEEDS CHEAP — BEST Ever Grown.

None better and none so low in price. 10 per pkt. and up, postpaid. Finest illustrated catalogue ever printed sent FREE. Engravings of every variety. A great lot of extra pkgs. of seeds, new sorts, presented free with every order. Some sorts collons only 50c per lb. Other seed equally low. 30 years a seed grower and dealer with all customers satisfied. No old seeds. New, fresh and reliable every year. Write for big FREE catalogue.

R. H. SHUMWAY, Rockford, Ill.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please mention you saw the advertisement in this paper.

GOLD AND ASBESTOS.

Prospectors Make a Find in a Maine Quarry.

By traveling less than six miles out into the town of Hermon one may see where gold and platinum have been found, which, if the vein should hold out to the samples submitted, would mean a highly paying industry, says the Bangor (Me.) Commercial. While the quarry is now being worked daily, getting out blocks of what is called granite, but is really hornblende cyanite, for building purposes, the search for gold and other valuable metals has been carried on incidentally.

Some time ago Dr. Horace F. Hanson, in looking over the property of which he is the owner, found near the ledge of the vein a piece of rock which attracted his attention. He took it to State Assayer Ora W. Knight, of this city, to have it assayed for gold or whatever it might contain. It was found to contain .54 ounces to the ton or a money value of nearly $11. At that rate a paying gold mine might be made of it, but later trials of specimens showed that the first picked up by Mr. Hanson was a very good one and that probably the ore was not near as rich on the average as the first specimen promised.

Platinum has been found in the rock in varying quantities from $5 to $23 per ton, but on account of its uncertainty no effort has been made to work it. Until quite recently little if anything has been known of the parent rock of platinum, and the search for it has been the study of geologists for a number of years. The United States geological reports have urged miners, on the lookout for platinum, to trace it back to the place whence it came, and if possible, discover the parent rock.

All of the gold and platinum that have been found were in the wall rock at the edges of the vein of the rock which is now being quarried. The wall is slaty in appearance and cleaves off easily. Among also have been found quantities of talc, which is more generally known as soapstone. As yet the specimens have been impure, and their discovery has not amounted to much in that line.

Another metal which might develop into something after further working is that asbestos has been found scattered through the workings of the quarry.

The Editor of the Rural New Yorker

Than whom there is no better Potato Expert in the country, says: "Salzer's Earliest Potato is the earliest of 38 earliest sorts, tried by me, yielding 464 bu. per acre." Salzer's Early Wisconsin yielded for the Rural New Yorker 738 bu. per acre. Now Salzer has heavier yielding varieties than above. See Salzer's catalogue.

JUST SEND 10c IN STAMPS and this notice to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive lots of farm seed samples and their big catalogue, which is brim full of rare things for the gardener and farmer, easily worth $100.00 to every wide-awake farmer.

It describes Salzer's Teosinte, yielding 163,000 lbs. per acre, of rich green fodder, Salzer's Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. of sheep and hog food per acre, together with Salzer's New National Oats, which has a record of 300 bu. per acre, in 30 States, so also full description of Alfalfa Clover, Giant Incarnat Clover, Alsike, Timothy and thousands of other fodder plants, Grasses, Wheat, Speltz, Barleys, etc. (C. N. U.)

Unwritten Colonial History.

The captain of the Mayflower had given orders to reverse the engine and swing into port.

Plymouth rock was near at hand.

"Why do you plan to land here?" asked William Bradford, with some acerbity.

"Why," responded the captain, in great disgust at the other's ignorance, "if we didn't how would poultry-breeders ever get a name for their big 'dom-flecker' chickens?"

So humiliated was he by this reply that Mr. Bradford forgot for two hours to electioneer for the governorship.—Baltimore American.

A Professional Nurse Tells Her Experience with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Montague, Mass.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.:

Gentlemen—I heartily wish those who are suffering from backache and disturbed action of the kidneys would try Doan's Kidney Pills. As was the case with me, they will be more than surprised with the results. I had been troubled for years with my spine; I could not lie on either side. Spinal cramps would follow, and words could not explain the agony which I would endure. While in these cramps I could not speak or move, but by making a great effort after the cramp had left me I could begin to speak and move a little, but my whole back was so sore and lame that I could not even have the back bathed for some time. My nerves were in a terrible state; would rather sit up at night than go to bed, dreading the cramps and the terrible backaches. I consulted physicians, but got only a little relief for the time being. Seeing your advertisement, my mother urged me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. After using one box I was better, and have ever since been on the gain. I have no backache and no cramps now, and I feel like a new person. My nerves are better, and I know my blood is purer. Words cannot express my thanks to you for what Doan's Kidney Pills have done for me. In my work as professional nurse I have a chance to recommend them; and they did me so much good that I will do so on every possible occasion.

HATTIE BRIGHAM, Nurse.

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold at 50 cents per box. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., for a free trial box.

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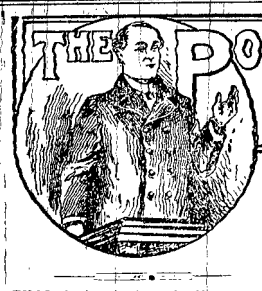


ZEAL AND KNOWLEDGE

By Rev. C. T. Fradv.

A zeal for God but not according to knowledge.—Romans x., 2.

In the minds of many people sincerity, or earnestness of purpose or conviction of rectitude is a justification for almost any sort of action. "I believe, therefore I do," is the syllogism of most humble philosophers. "He is so sincere," we say; "therefore he must be excused."

But it is only abstractly speaking that we admit this. When the consequences of exterior actions touch us personally and unpleasantly we are apt to lose sight of the theory. Theory and practice diverge nowhere so widely as in the Christian religion.

Sincerity without knowledge—which is better than insincerity without knowledge—is a dangerous criterion to establish by which to determine conduct or character. As with sincerity, so with zeal. Zeal, to be of value in God's sight, must be according to knowledge. Alas! it usually is not. The most zealous people have often—nay, have usually—been the most ignorant, or the most perverted and mistaken. Perversion and error are the worst forms of ignorance.

In Springfield, Mass., the other day, this thought came powerfully to me as I stood looking at the St. Gaudens statue of Deacon Chapin, one of the founders of the community, a Puritan of the Puritans. There he stood in his peaked hat, his long cloak, his severely plain attire, with his Bible in one hand, his rod in the other, cast in enduring, weather beaten bronze which assorted well with his grim, stern, and forbidding countenance. He typified a class of men whose zeal for God was certainly tremendous, who, by the exercise of that zeal, stamped themselves, their beliefs, and their habits upon the pages of history with such everlasting force that their influence persists in large measure to this day.

Certainly the men who flogged the Quakers at the cart's tail and executed the so-called witches in that free country where they had "established a church without a bishop and a government without a king," could not be accused of lukewarmness. I do not love the Puritan, but I respect him. He did much good in his way, and the good on the whole overbalanced the harm. There is something respectable about zeal, even if it is not according to knowledge. But how much better it would have been for humanity, and how much more good could have been done, if that fiery energy for God, expressed by the terse monosyllable, "zeal," had been accompanied by adequate knowledge of him!

"Other times, other manners!" Modern ethics have tempered much of the strenuous energy with which we enter upon the problems and pursuits of life. On that pleasant Sunday morning in Springfield I noticed with joy that three or four children had clambered up on the broad stone pedestal supporting the uncompromising deacon in bronze, and were playing cheerfully behind his inflexible cloak and around his unyielding legs. Like Signor Benedick, nobody marked them, save in amused pleasure. Yet I could imagine the shudders which might have run up and down that bronzed Puritan backbone at such a desecration of the Sabbath day.

We have indeed changed, but in the general amelioration of conduct and ideals we have lost something. Our religion is emasculated. It is too dainty. The naked ugliness of sin is concealed. We consider it more polite and refined to drape and cover up shames, and shams, and frauds, and wickedness of every kind, rather than sternly to expose and rebuke them. We want more virility and more strength in religion and life. We want to become more strenuous in our religion and life. "Life is earnest, life is real," though we may smile at the pleasant poet's familiar words.

Fire and brimstone preaching in the pulpit has vanished, perhaps never to appear again—except in country districts, maybe—but no real genuine, if tempered, strength has come to take its place. Let us go back and strive to acquire some of the ancient zeal, only let it be according to knowledge; knowledge of God, his plans, his purposes, his intentions, his hopes, his aspirations, for humanity. Let us go back and seek for the good in the Puritan, that which was permanent and lasting in his character, which made him such a tremendous force after all for righteousness, and unite it with our modern conception of God's love and God's charity, which, after all, is as old as nineteen centuries, dating from a cross, and apply that combination to the solution of the ills of the present, and let us see what the results would be.

Of all the people described in the Bible, the Laodiceans, who were neither cold nor hot, are the most unpleasant and unsatisfactory. Do not be a Laodicean. Do not be a Puritan, either, but be a man whose zeal for God is according to the knowledge and the love of God as well, a zealous Christian. And remember that in the concordance to the Bible language if "abase" is the first word, "zeal" is the last! There is something striking about that, I think.

THE HOME AND THE CHILD.

By Dr. Joseph Silverman.

Except the Lord build the house, in vain do its builders toil thereon.—Psalm cxvii., 1.

Man is more the creature of environment than of inheritance. The doctrine of innate evil is at variance with the teachings of science and of higher theology. In some subtle manner climate and food affect and even control the spiritual as well as the physical life of a people. In a similar way the character of a man is conditioned by the home into which he as a child was *first ushered and where was unfolded to him all that he for many years knew of life, of humanity, of the world.*

The child! How like a new star just *born from the conflict of nature's elements and bursting as a new light* through the black curtain of the night upon a world it had never known! The *child! How like a flower, kissed by* the light and dew of heaven, it opens its eyes in wonder at the strange beauty of its home!

What may this home not be? A frozen snowhouse in the Klondike or an orange grove in the tropics, a tent upon the arid desert, a lodge in some forest, a hut on the mountain top, a mansion by the sea, or a dingy room in a congested tenement. It may be a habitation among simple, honest peasant folk; among rough, sturdy mountaineers, among the pioneers of the West or the blase denizens of a metropolis, among the ignorant or the wise, sinners or saints. Whatever home may be and wherever situated, there is always the same sweet, pure bundle of human unconsciousness that would become a prince in a royal house, a pauper among mendicants, or a criminal among outcasts. The child resembles oft the seed which the wind now casts upon the barren rocks, where it decays and dies; now upon fertile soil, where it takes root and flowers into beauty. Let us bow in reverence before the child, the embodiment of all possibilities.

The child and the home are the two most important figures of the world—the corner stones of humanity. The child—the picture of sweet helplessness and wonderful potentiality. The home—its creator, its protector, its providence, its all but God. These two, the child and the home, are the makers of posterity, and will condition the weal or woe of unborn generations.

Why, then, are we so busy with crops and stocks, with commerce and industry, politics, armies and navies, effete monarchies, and new republics, while millions of babes are being misshapen, myriads of children are growing into bad ways, because thousands of homes are schools of ignorance and nurseries of weakness and wickedness? Let us withdraw for a while from the maze of political scramble, business struggles, and social strife, and look into our homes and attune them to the sweet harmonies of heavenly virtues.

The home is the preliminary battleground where evil is to be fought in its incipiency and conquered. There Satan must first be met and overcome and the young soul taught how to retain its native innocence. From the sacred precincts of the domestic hearth every impurity or taint must be expelled. Let no word be breathed there save that which the angels may unblushingly hear. Truth, simplicity, love and modesty are the weapons of the fireside with which to fight the demons of unrighteousness. The home in which the young are taught gambling by precept or by example is not a true home, but an agency of the gambler's den, preparing the recruits who shall later become its patrons. The real home is an exemplar of simple and holy living. It must become also an intellectual center, where thought quickens thought, makes life real, and happiness secure.

To create such a home of love, holiness and intellectual life, to make of it a battery where our children can be charged with that spiritual force that can fortify them against all the temptations and allurements of the world, something more is needed than is found in the average home. Wealth, culture, music, literature, education are not enough. "Except the Lord build the house, in vain do its builders toil thereon." In too many instances has that spiritual life that made our ancestors proof against the encroachments of worldliness been lost. The old familiar device, "God bless our home," is disappearing from its wonted place. That is the secret of unhappy and inefficient homes.

May God come to his own again! Parenthood is but a feeble substitute to the child for Deity. The heavenly Father and Mother must stand by the earthly parents to aid in the sacred work of preparing the child for true manhood or womanhood and developing it for life and eternity.

Short Meter Sermons.

There are no sour saints.
The Devil never labels his bait.
Handcuffs do not make honesty.
Faith cannot be fed on furniture.
No prayer can rise on wings of pretense.
Many things are cured by being endured.
The kindhearted have no trouble in finding a purse that does not wear out.
Doubt should be but the vestibule to decision.
Happiness is simply a stray chunk of heaven.
He who has an eye to the fleece has no heart for the flock.
The best preparation for death is the perfecting of life.
No man is ready for his work until he has learned to wait.
Heaven has no smiles for the man who never smiles on men.
Conversion is a starting point and not a terminus in true religion.
The more puppylike a man's disposition the more dogmatic his opinions.
The ship is lost when the cargo gets out of the hold into the captain's heart.
The preaching that meets human needs will never need to drum up a meeting.
Sermons would be shorter if they had to be practiced before they were preached.
The men with the smallest stock of religion are likely to put out the biggest sign.
The habit of letting the Devil down the throat is not cured by letting another one out of the lungs.

CAR BARN BANDITS' TRIAL.

Opening Address to Jury Is Followed by the Giving of Evidence.

The trial of the case of the Chicago car barn bandits was taken up before Judge Kersten, when Assistant State's Attorney Olson made his opening address. He told the story of one of the murders, charged against Peter Niedemeier, Harvey Van Dine and Gustav Marx. They are being tried for the killing of Frank W. Stewart, during the raid of the bandits in the cashier's office at the barns of the Chicago City Railway on the night of Aug. 30. James B. Johnson, a motorman, was killed at the same time. The first of the long list of State witnesses was ready to be called at the close of Mr. Olson's address.

GUSTAV MARX.

When the trial opened there was a large crowd anxious to gain admission to the courtroom. Seated just outside the railing were the mothers of Niedemeier, Van Dine and Marx and brothers of Van Dine and Marx, all of whom silently sat while the prosecutor told of the murderous fire of the prisoners through the doors and windows of the cashier's room of the City Railway Company's barns.

In approaching the story of the car barn murders Mr. Olson related the circumstances of the acquaintance of the bandits prior to their career of robbery and murder, how they had practiced shooting and how they had planned their course of crime. Reaching the car barn tragedy, Mr. Olson told of the visit of the defendants to the cashier's desk and the fusillade of bullets which followed the death of Stewart and Johnson and the disappearance of the murderers.

Proceeding with his ghastly narrative until he reached the arrest of Marx, which followed the killing of Detective John Quinn in Greenberg's saloon Quinn and Detective Bland had gone into the saloon to arrest Marx. They had heard that Marx was concerned in the car barn affair and wanted him, but Marx, ever ready with his magazine revolver, shot Quinn. He was himself shot in the arm in turn by Detective Bland, who then stepped across Quinn's dying form and arrested Marx, who subsequently confessed to Assistant Chief Schoettler and others to his connection with the car barn killings and other crimes, in which he implicated his associates on trial and also Emil Roeski in some of the lesser crimes.

Mr. Olson reached the thrilling story of the capture and incidental circumstances near the dugout near Miller's Station, Ind., Nov. 16, when two more murders and almost a third were added to a list now containing the names of eight victims. On that occasion bullets ended the lives of Detective Joseph Driscoll and Brakeman L. J. Sovern, the latter on a freight train from which the engine was uncoupled by Niedemeier, Van Dine and Roeski, the latter having taken flight with Niedemeier and Van Dine in the night following the confession by Marx.

Opening statements were not made in behalf of Niedemeier and Van Dine, but Attorney Pelham made a remarkable plea to the jury to save the neck of Marx, declaring that his client would be satisfied with a life sentence in the penitentiary. Then began the introduction of evidence.

ARREST IN BEDFORD CASE

James McDonald Accused of Crime Evidence Is Circumstantial.

James McDonald, held a prisoner in the penitentiary at Jeffersonville, charged with the murder of Miss Sarah C. Schafer at Bedford, Ind., is a carpenter by trade and has a wife and family. Miss Schafer was a well-known school teacher and was attacked and killed at night in a shed off an alley near her residence by some unknown person. Since the crime was committed detectives have been actively ferreting out its perpetrator. Several parties were under surveillance and suspicion sufficient to warrant his arrest attached to McDonald. The prisoner denies that he had anything to do with the crime. He declares he is not afraid to meet the charge in Bedford. The evidence against him is purely circumstantial. I. E. Grigsby, a Bedford grocer,

JAMES M'DONALD.

MISS SARAH SCHAFER.

whose store is more than seven blocks distant from the alley where the murder was committed, has informed the police that McDonald was in his store at 6:50 o'clock on the evening of the murder and remained for some time purchasing groceries and supplies. This story is corroborated by the grocer's wife.

Governor Durbin of Indiana ordered Sheriff Smith of Bedford to remove McDonald from the Jeffersonville reformatory with only such delay as might be necessary to perfect arrangements for the protection of the prisoner. The Governor stated that he does not anticipate a demonstration of mob violence.

Facts About Japan.

The area of the empire is 147,000 square miles.

The last census gives the population as 44,000,000.

The annual expenditure of the government is $135,000,000, of which $19,000,000 goes to the army.

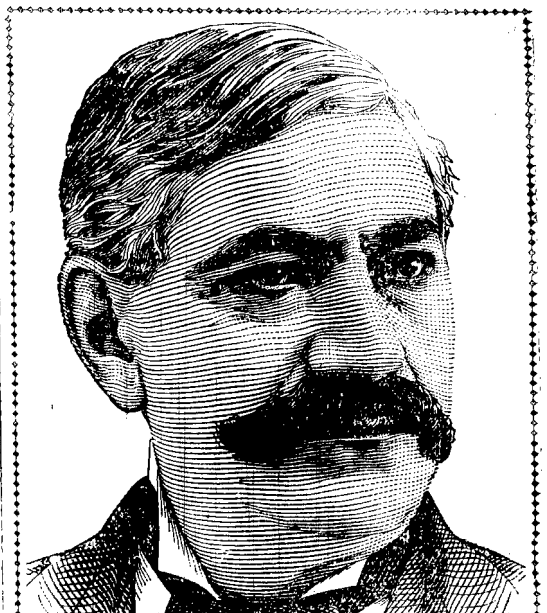
On a peace footing the Japanese army has 175,000 officers and men and on a war footing 675,000.

Japan has conquered Korea three times the first time being in 1597 and the others during the last half of the century just passed.

The 30,000 Chinese soldiers under Japanese officers may at any time, it is believed, go over to the Japanese or be used by Japan, to protect her interests indirectly.

FOR THIRTY YEARS

Congressman Meekison Suffered with Catarrh —Read His Endorsement of Pe-ru-na.



CONGRESSMAN MEEKISON, OF OHIO.

Hon. David Meekison is well known, not only in his own State but throughout America. He began his political career by serving four consecutive terms as Mayor of the town in which he lives, during which time he became widely known as the founder of the Meekison Bank of Napoleon, Ohio. He was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress by a very large majority, and is the acknowledged leader of his party in his section of the State.

Only one flaw marred the otherwise complete success of this rising statesman. Catarrh with its insidious approach and tenacious grasp, was his only unconquered foe. For thirty years he waged unsuccessful warfare against this personal enemy. At last Peruna came to the rescue, and he dictated the following letter to Dr. Hartman as the result:

"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encourged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison, ex-Member of Congress.

THE season of catching cold is upon us. The cough and the sneeze and nasal twang are to be heard on every hand. The origin of chronic catarrh, the most common and dreadful of diseases, is a cold.

This is the way the chronic catarrh generally begins. A person catches cold, which hangs on longer than usual. The cold generally starts in the head and throat. Then follow sensitiveness of the air passages which incline one to catch cold very easily. At last the person has a cold all the while seemingly, more or less discharge from the nose, hawking, spitting, frequent clearing of the throat, nostrils stopped up, full feeling in the head and sore, inflamed throat.

The best time to treat catarrh is at the very beginning. A bottle of Peruna properly used never fails to cure a common cold, thus preventing chronic catarrh.

While many people have been cured of chronic catarrh by a single bottle of Peruna, yet, as a rule, when the catarrh becomes thoroughly fixed, more than one bottle is necessary to complete a cure. Peruna has cured cases innumerable of catarrh of twenty years' standing. It is the best, if not the only internal remedy for chronic catarrh in existence.

But prevention is far better than cure. Every person subject to catching cold should take Peruna at once at the slightest symptom of cold or sore throat at this season of the year and thus prevent what is almost certain to end in chronic catarrh.

Mrs. A. Snedeker, Cartersville, Ga., writes:

"I saw that your catarrh remedy, Peruna, was doing others so much good, that I thought I would try it and see what it would do for me. My case is an old one and I have none of the acute symptoms now, because I have had the disease so long that I had none of the aches and pains, but a general rundown condition of the whole body—sore nose and throat and stomach. I had a good appetite, but my food did not nourish my system. I had come down from 140 to about 75 pounds in weight. I now feel that I am well of all my troubles."—Mrs. A. Snedeker.

Mrs. A. Snedeker.

Send for free book on catarrh, entitled "Winter Catarrh," by Dr. Hartman, "Health and Beauty" sent free to women only.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Couldn't Pass Her.

Sir Thomas Lipton has a gallant way of paying pretty compliments to ladies. Driving through Washington on the day he lunched at the Whitehouse with President Roosevelt, he passed a large red automobile that stood before an imposing mansion of graystone. A young girl in a white gown sat in the automobile, and, as Sir Thomas glided by, she bowed to him, smiling a radiant and charming smile. He, however, failed to see her.

The young girl looked embarrassed vexed. She bit her lip. She thought a moment. Then she took hold of the wheel of her machine, pressed with her small foot the bulb that made the horn toot gruffly, and swiftly and smoothly shot after the English knight.

Soon the great automobile overtook the carriage and halted. The young girl, an old friend of Sir Thomas, extended her hand, and as he took it, she said reproachfully,—

"You passed me, a while ago, without looking at me."

With a gallant smile and inclination of the head, Sir Thomas answered,—

"If I had looked at you, I couldn't have passed you."

There is not in nature a thing that makes a man so deformed as intemperate anger.—John Webster.

Mayer SHOES

Wear better, look dressier and hold their shape longer than any other shoes you can buy.

Ask for Mayer Shoes and look for the trade-mark on the sole.

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO.
Milwaukee, Wis.

MEXICAN
Mustang Liniment
cures Cuts, Burns, Bruises.

S. C. N. U. - - No. 8—1904

BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

There is a way of trifling that costs a heap of money. Neglect

Lumbago and Sciatica

and it may put you on crutches, with loss of time and money.

St. Jacobs Oil

will cure surely, promptly. Price, 25c. and 50c.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.
THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WONDERS WITH THE LIVER
10c. 25c. 50c. All Druggists
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

SHE HAS CURED THOUSANDS

Given up to die.

Dr. Caldwell of Chicago

Practicing Aleopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine. Will, by Request, Visit Professionally, Wayne, Nebr

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 24, at the BOYD. She Will Return Every Four Weeks. Consult Her While The Opportuninty is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all Chronic, Nervous and Surgical Diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Chronic Catarrh, Head Ache, Constipation, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all Wasting Diseases in adults. Deformities, Club-Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Diseases of the Brain. Paralysis, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements, and all long standing diseases,

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, Throat Ulcers, Bone Pains, Bladder Troubles. Weak Back, Scalding Urine, Passing Urine too often. Effects of constitutional sickness or mistaking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of Women, Irregular Menstruation, Falling of the Womb, Bearing Down Pains, Female Displacements, Lack of Sexual Tone, Leucorrhea, Sterility or Barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell, and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to become cured.

CANCER, GOITER, FISTULA, PILES

and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries, and is really the most scientific method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in treating and diagnosing diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha, Nebr., where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice, one dollar to those interested.

Address all communications to Bee Building, Omaha, Nebr.

DR. ORA CALDWELL & CO.
Omaha, Nebr. Chicago, Ill.

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Nothing has ever equalled it.
Nothing can ever surpass it.

Dr. King's New Discovery

For CONSUMPTION, COLDS and COLDS. Price 50c & $1.00

A Perfect Cure: For All Throat and Lung Troubles.

Money back if it fails. Trial Bottles free.

MADAME DEAN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.

A Safe, Certain Relief for Suppressed Menstruation. NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free. If your druggist does not have them send your orders to the UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Wayne by E. J. Raymond.
Call for Free Sample.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE **Suppository**

D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Dewees, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Chatsburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 25 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Wayne by E. J. RAYMOND
Call for Free Sample

LADIES, FOSTER'S PROTECTINE

Is positively the only relief for women. It not only cures, but prevents delayed or painful menstruation, from any cause; cures leucorrhoea and headaches caused by ovarian and womb troubles. Write for our free booklet on female diseases. $1.50 per bottle. If your druggist hasn't got it, send your order direct to discoverers. Address PROTECTINE CO., 2124 Wilcox Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Favorite Family Remedy.

Frequently accidents occur in the household, which cause burns, cuts, bruises and sprains; for use in such cases Ballard's Snow Liniment has for many years been the constant favorite family remedy. 25c, 50c and $1.00 at Raymond's drug store.

MYSTERIOUS CIRCUMSTANCE.

One was pale and sallow and the other fresh and rosy. Whence the difference? She who is blushing with health uses Dr. King's New Life Pills to maintain it. By gently arousing the lazy organs they compel good digestion and head off constipation. Try them. Only 25 cents, at A. F. Lane's, Druggist.

THE WAYNE HERALD.

Official paper of Wayne and Wayne county
Published every Thursday.

W. HUSE & SON, Editors.

Entered at the Post Office at Wayne, Neb., as second class mail matter.

Subscription, $1.00 a Year in Advance.

Since the announcement of Hon. J. B. Dinsmore's candidacy for governor, other political leaders have been mentioned for that office and are likely to enter the race, among them being Hon. W. M. Robertson of Norfolk.

We shall expect a better showing on the part of the Russians after they have received and assimilated a few cargoes of Nebraska meat. Though the choice, strengthening Nebraska article cannot altogether supply the lack of skill, it will give endurance and minimize defeat.

A man often becomes discouraged because he has enemies. As a matter of fact, if he has had none, it indicates a career of small usefulness. A man who accomplishes things without opposition or creating enemies would be a phenomenon. It is complimentary to one's ability and power of achievement to credit him with a few active enemies.

The note sent out by the United States asking that the integrity and security of China be maintained during the Jap and Russian war has met the approval of all the great European nations, even France, whose sympathies have been conspicuously allied with the Czar's interests. Thus, another victory to the credit of Secretary Hay's statesmanship.

The proposition to give Wayne a government building should not be accepted as political buncombe, but a well grounded prospect. Of course it cannot be assured until congress acts favorably, though, knowing the men behind the measure and considering the comparative size and importance of Wayne, the HERALD has reason to believe the appropriation will be granted.

Last week Judge Hunter received from his daughter an extract from a Manila paper, giving the details of a celebration at which the display of anti-American feeling amounted to gross insult. As an instance, "Aguinaldo's March" brought the natives to their feet and aroused enthusiastic cheering, while they immediately sat down and put on their hats when the "Star Spangled Banner" was played. The Filipinos are too ignorant and stupid to know when they are well treated.

An incident shows the salubrious quality of Wayne county's climate: A man by the uncommon name of Smith removed to Oklahoma, where he was taken sick and died after a lingering illness. To be buried in Wayne county was made a part of his last request. Accordingly, sorrowing relatives encased his remains in a neat, comfortable wooden overcoat and started hither. The moment the body crossed into Wayne county, life began to return. Smith signaled the expressman with the toe of his boot and was released from his grewsome, mortuary habiliments. The next day he was able to husk seventy bushels of corn and has been in perfect health ever since.

DEATH OF SENATOR HANNA.

The death of Senator Marcus A. Hanna in Washington City Monday evening removes one of the most conspicuous figures in the political history of America. He was a man of force, energy, good judgment and high integrity, a business man of great success, and as a political manager had few if any peers. In '96 he took an active interest in behalf of the nomination of President McKinley and his success made him chairman of the republican national committee. In that memorable campaign he showed remarkable tact and executive strength and triumphed in the face of the fiercest opposition. He was appointed senator from Ohio to succeed John Sherman and has been elected to the position twice since then by the legislature of that state. He held the chairmanship of the national committee up to the time of his death and it was the desire of President Roosevelt that he manage his campaign this year.

Senator Hanna was the most bitterly abused man in the United States, but was misrepresented and misjudged and neither the ridicule of the cartoonist nor the caustic pen of the journalist deterred him in his work. In time, convinced of his laudable motives and appreciating his good deeds, the American people learned to admire, rather than belittle, his character.

He was a large employer and it is said to his credit that his employes have never had occasion to strike or become dissatisfied with the treatment he accorded them. Of late years he has devoted a great deal of attention to ameliorating the condition of labor generally and reducing its differences with capital. He lived to prove his high character and great worth as a public man.

HOSKINS.

W. J. Weatherholt has been here this week trying to organize a lodge of the Modern Brotherhood of America.

John Kaulin is enjoying a visit from his brother who lives in the western part of the state.

H. McMahan has decided to remove to Michigan and will leave for that state this week.

It is reported that Dr. Grunwald will leave Hoskins and go to Louisana soon on account of the very poor health of Mrs. Grunwald.

John Ziemer has rented a farm near Norfolk and will move on it next week. He has sold his dray line to John Backland.

Henry Wetzlich has been transacting business in Omaha this week.

Henry Ex and Fred Keuzler are preparing to move to Michigan and engage in sugar beet raising.

We are informed that R. G Rohrke has sold his business to John Huebner and will go to New York in the spring.

M. J. Dondinger was down from Wayne the first of the week.

John Anderson has been here from Litchfield several days looking after his drug store.

W. E. Gleason and wife went to Fremont yesterday for a short visit with relatives.

Sheriff Mears has had business in this vicinity for several days past.

Carl Boss is building a new house in the southwest part of town.

The dance Monday night was very well attended.

FROM CARROLL.

Mrs. Walter Yaryan went to Concord last Friday for a few days visit with relatives.

Dan Daily who has been foreman of the section here for several years, has been transferred to Blair. His family will follow in a few days. Louie Stever gets the foremanship here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Yaryan were called to Iowa last week on account of the death of Mr. Yaryan's mother. They will spend some time there visiting relatives before returning to Carroll.

Bryan Young left Wednesday morning with his parents for Cass county where he will make his future home.

Rev. Samuel Jones died at his home in Carroll today, Wednesday, at 2 o'clock. He had been in bad health for some time, so that his death was not unexpected. He was 75 years old last Saturday, and had been a resident of Carroll and vicinity for twelve years, of which he was pastor of the Welch Congregational church west of town. Three years ago he gave up the pastorate on account of failing health and has since lived in retirement. He was a man above reproach, beloved by all who knew him, and met death triumphantly. The remains will be shipped to Wales, Iowa, Friday morning for interment. He was twice married. He leaves a wife, son and daughter and three step daughters to mourn his departure. The sympathy of a large circle of friends goes out to them in their bereavement.

FROM WINSIDE.

Mrs. Ecker, Tribune editor made a trip to the county seat Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Smith are in Wayne today to attend the funeral of the Leuck babe.

Chas. Archer returned Tuesday from his western trip, accompanied by his wife whom he married in the west. Congratulations are extended.

It is reported that J. P. Marvin's son, Jerry, is sick with typhoid fever.

Russel's Musical Novelty company filled one of the numbers in the lecture course Friday night. The next and last entertainment in the course will be "Cook, the Humorist."

Frank Weible visited Wayne Friday.

Dr. Sam Scruggs visited his brother in Omaha last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Goltz and children are planning for a trip through the southern states.

The debate between Carroll and Winside schools will take place here on the evening of March 4. Besides the debate there will be some music.

Mrs. T. E. Johnson has sold her farm just east of town to Robert Packrandt, consideration being $87 per acre. Mrs. Johnson expects to remove from Winside.

W. S. Goldie, of the Wayne Democrat, was circulating among the people in Winside last Saturday.

ALTONA.

Charley Meyer has sold his last year's corn crop to Peter Witt for 29 cents per bushel.

Riley Rooth has rented the Ferguson farm of 160 acres. He says he will buy five horses—three for the farm work and two to give the girls buggy rides

August Fisher is moving his farm property to his new place near Winside.

Pete Boyens, the Altona mason, is busy plastering the new houses of Messrs. Ahlvers and Jensen.

Art Shawgo visited Wayne from Saturday until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reinhart have bought of Geo. F. Thies the house occupied by Fred Ahlvers, and will move to Altona March 1 and take life easy.

The new telephone line from Altona to Wayne has twenty-two 'phones, and is giving good satisfaction.

Leo Martin from Platte county, Nebraska, returned home Saturday after a four weeks' visit with relatives in Altona.

Fred Trendler, who has been sick for some time, is now able to be around again.

Altona has no harness maker and the neighborhood wants one.

Rev. F. Schaller has been sick, but is now able to teach school again.

Altona market: Sugar, 20 pounds for $1; butter, 14 cents; eggs, 22 cents; cow hides, 5 cents; harness, $20 to $35, all hand-made; chickens, 6½ cents.

W. F. Assenheimer is busy writing insurance.

The 4-year-old daughter of Will Thies, near Dixon, died from the effects of burns caused by catching her clothing on fire while putting cobs into the stove.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT DEFENDANT.

Frank A. Swanson, defendant, will take notice that on the 26th day of January, 1904, Blenkiron Bros., a corporation, plaintiff herein, filed its petition in the District Court of Wayne county, Nebraska, against said defendant, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a mechanic's lien filed on the 7th day of July, 1903, by said plaintiff on lots one and two in Block seven in the town of Sholes in Wayne county, Nebraska, to secure the payment of $177.38 and interest at 10 per cent. From June 20th, 1903, for lumber and building material furnished by the plaintiff to said defendant under an oral contract and used by him on said premises, praying that said defendant be required to pay said amount, or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 14th day of March, 1904.

BLENKIRON BROS.
By Geo. W. Wiltse, Its Attorney.

Dated January 27th, 1904.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

State of Nebraska } ss. In County Court.
Wayne County. }

In the matter of the Estate of Claus Holtgren, deceased.

I, E. Hunter, County Judge of said county, in said state hereby notify all persons having claims and demands against the estate of Claus Holtgren, deceased, that I have set and appointed the following days for the reception, examination, and adjustment of said claims and demands, as provided by law, at the County Court room in Wayne, Wayne County, and State aforesaid, towit:—March 12th, 1904, and August 12th, 1904. And all persons so interested in said estate will appear at said time and place, and duly present their said claims and demands in the manner required by law, or show cause for not so doing; and in case any of said claims shall not be presented by August 12th, 1904, the same shall be forever barred.

Given under my hand and the seal of the County Court, this 12th day of February, 1904.

(Seal.) E. HUNTER, County Judge.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of chattel mortgage, dated July 23, 1901, executed by Charles Hayes in favor of the Minneapolis Threshing Machine Co., upon which there is now due the sum of $1703.60, default having been made in the payment of the sums secured by said chattel mortgage, the property described in said mortgage as follows, to-wit:

One black horse, 13 years old, weight 1300 pounds, called "Frank;" one bay horse, 11 years old, weight 1500 pounds, called "Dick;" one brown mare, 10 years old, weight 1450 pounds, called "Flora," one sorrel mare, 9 years old, weight 1450 pounds, called "Puss;" one red roan horse, 7 years old, weight 1000 pounds, called "Dan;" one red roan horse, 4 years old, weight 1100 pounds, called "Boxer;" one light bay horse, 3 years old, weight 1100 pounds, called "Chummey;" one gray mare, 8 years old, weight 1100 pounds, called "Bird;" one brown mare, 6 years old, weight 1000 pounds, called "Babe;" one bay mare, 6 years old, weight 1000 pounds, called "Sock;" one yearling filley, now 3 years old; also one Minneapolis, 16-horse power, traction, coal burner, simple engine, number 2909, complete with all parts and attachments; one Minneapolis separator with 36 inch cylinder, 62-inch rear, number 7146, with trucks under same; one swing stacker, complete, number 853; one main drive belt, 160 feet long, eight inches wide, 4 ply Gandy; one wagon loader, number 288; one pump and hose.

Will be sold at public auction on Saturday, March 12, 1904, at 2 o'clock p. m., at Wayne, Wayne county, Nebraska, the above described horses to be sold on Second street, between the Boyd hotel and Brown's livery barn, the balance of said property to be sold on the same day after sale of said horses, on the lot immediately south of Smith & Harrington's lumber yard, to apply in payment of said indebtedness.

Dated, February 18, 1904

THE MINNEAPOLIS THRESHING MACHINE CO., Mortgagee
By its agent, GRANT S. MEARS.

Pretty Miss Nellie Hascom, Omaha: "I owe my good looks and health to Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea Have fully regained my health." Tea or tablets. 35 cents. Raymond's Pharmacy.

MARKET REPORT.

Prices in Wayne today, Thursday.

Wheat	69	Cattle	4.25 to 4.75
Corn	33½	Hogs	4.70
Oats	32½	Butter	13
Barley	27	Eggs	21

For Rent—My farm of 320 acres.—Jas. Bush.

Birds work for man from the first glimmer of light,
Rocky Mountain Tea works for mankind both day and night,
That's why it is famous the world o'er and o'er,
It will not let you turn over and take another snore.
Raymond's Pharmacy.

FARMERS

I am agent for The State Farmer's Mutual Insurance Co. of South Omaha, don't forget me when wanting Insurance.
GRANT S. MEARS.

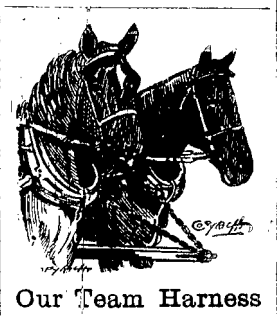
It isn't how much cold cream a woman puts on her face but how much Rocky Mountain tea she takes inside that brings out real beauty. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea complexions stay, 35 cents. Tea or tablets. Raymond's Pharmacy.

RELIEF IN ONE MINUTE.

One Minute Cough Cure gives relief in one minute, because it kills the microbe which tickles the mucuous membrane, causing the cough, and at the same time clears the phlegm, draws out the inflammation and heals and soothes the affected parts. One Minute Cough Cure strengthens the lungs, wards off pneumonia and is a harmless and never failing cure in all curable cases of Coughs, Colds and Croup. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take, harmless and good alike for young and old. Sold by Raymond's Pharmacy.

120,000 STARVING.

We mean the 120,000 hairs on your head. They are starving. Their food is so poor they are already leaving you very rapidly. Soon you will not have one left unless you use Ayer's Hair Vigor. This stops falling of the hair and makes the hair grow rich and heavy.



Our Team Harness

varies in style and finish according to price, but at all figures there's good value.

The stock used throughout is good oak tanned leather. The trimmings, whether of nickel, brass, rubber or iron, are of excellent quality. The workmanship, visible and invisible, is first-class.

This harness will wear out, but it won't break out.

WM. PIEPENSTOCK,
WAYNE, - - - - NEBRASKA

HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX
H. S. & M.
MAKERS

HERE'S the label you've heard about: a small thing to look for, a big thing to find; as one of our friends says: "It covers a multitude of sinners."

It's a big thing to find because it means absolutely all-wool fabrics, reliable linings and trimmings, careful tailoring; honesty in the part you can't see, style and finish seldom equaled in clothes. It means your money back if you want it; not because we're afraid the clothes will go wrong, but so you can be sure you wont. Our whole Certificate of Guarantee is condensed into that label.

HARRINGTON'S
THE LEADING CLOTHIER

DINING ROOM ELEGANCE.

The dining room is where you do the honors of your home

Three times a day, you're lucky, you and your family meet in the dining room Half of your enjoyment is taken there, and next to your food nothing adds more to that enjoyment than fine dining room furniture.

But elegant Dining Room Furniture doesn't necessarily mean expensive furniture. Not if you buy it here. The largest and most complete line of Dining Room Furniture will be found upon our floors, and while you marvel at the richness of design and finish, inquiry for prices will reveal that it costs not a cent more than much inferior goods

If you are looking for Dining Room Elegance at a mighty low cost, you should see us.

Mattresses, Iron Beds and up-to-date furniture of all kinds. Prices are right.

J. P. Gaertner, Wayne, Nebr.

Points to Remember

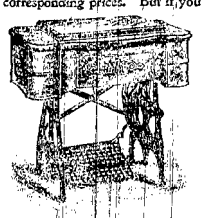
If you buy a SINGER, you get the best. There is as great a difference in the cost of making a sewing machine as there is in making a watch. A cheap watch will indicate time with fair accuracy for a short time; fairly good stitching can be done on some of the old patterns of cheap sewing machine, when they are new, but they work hard, are noisy and soon wear out. Every Singer machine is tested by actual sewing at the factory. It is always ready for every kind of stitching and will do better work and do it longer than any other, because it is of better design and construction. Test these assertions by trial. Apply at any Singer Store located in every city in the world.

SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.
SEWING MACHINE MAKERS FOR THE WORLD
ALWAYS UP TO DATE

J. W. Gullion, Manager
First Door West of Postoffice. Wayne, Nebraska.

CHOOSE WISELY . . .

when you buy a SEWING MACHINE. You'll find all sorts and kinds at corresponding prices. But if you want a reputable serviceable Machine, then take the



WHITE

27 years' experience has enabled us to bring out a HANDSOME, SYMMETRICAL and WELL-BUILT PRODUCT, combining in its make-up all the good points found on high grade machines and others that are exclusively WHITE, which will appeal to careful buyers. All Drop Heads have Automatic Lift and beautiful Swell Front, Golden Oak Woodwork. We sell only through our authorized dealers, who will furnish our iron-clad guarantee duly countersigned by themselves. Beware of buying a White with a defaced or altered plate number. We do not sell to or through catalog houses. Vibrator and Rotary Shuttle Styles.

OUR ELEGANT H. T. CATALOGS GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, FREE.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, O.

Sold by J. P. GAERTNER, Wayne, Neb.

FLEETWOOD & JOHNSON,
Funeral Director and Embalmer

Calls answered day or night. Residence first door north of Catholic parsonage.

WALL PAPER

A little bit early, but a good time to make your selection. We have just received our spring stock. The styles, patterns and designs are of the latest. We also have a complete line of special sample books of INGRAINS, CREPANS and VARNISHED TILES that we can supply on 24 hours' notice, giving you the benefit of selecting at Omaha prices from a complete assortment.

Wayne Drug Company

J. T. Leahy—'Phone 79—Boyd Annex

Auction Sale
—OF—
WORK HORSES
Thursday, Feb. 25th

At my farm, 8 miles east of Wayne, I will offer for sale 24 Head of Work Horses aged from 3 to 8 years. These animals are from the same strain of horses sold at my place two years ago. All of them are native bred, well broke and gentle.

Terms—10 months' time, approved security at 10 per cent.

Sale commences at 1 o'clock.

E. CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneer.
D. C. MAIN, Clerk.

S. E. Auker.

We are at it Again

We commenced to invoice this store this week to see how the business was panning out. As far as we have gone we have found quite a number of things that must leave here at once. We make it a rule that no article can stay in this store more than two years. If no one wants it we burn it. We will not have old, shopworn, out-of-date goods on our shelves. If you like to buy bargains and are not particular to have the latest style, we can accommodate you if you will call during the next thirty days. Price cuts no figure in selling odds and ends at this store, and much of the odds and ends we have are as good as ever but broken in sizes. If we can fit you, you get a bargain. We don't know how this business will pan out, but if we made more money than we think we ought to we will cut prices right and left. Look out for a sensation at this store during the next few weeks. Read our ad. next week.

The 2 Johns
ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS.
WAYNE NEB

Bill of Fare for 1904

OFFERED BY

A. G. POWERS

Successor to Philleo & Son in the Farm Implement business at Wayne, Nebraska.

Deering Harvesting Machinery and Twine.
Moline line of Plow Goods. ("Good Enough" Plows.)
T. G. Mandt and Lansing Wagons.
Henney and Peru Buggies.
J. I. Case Threshing Machinery.
Sandwich Shellers and Repairs.

A Cordial Welcome to One and All.

A. G. Powers, Wayne, Nebraska

NEW STOCK OF

SPRING GOODS

AT THE

GERMAN STORE

The latest and best in dress goods, laces, etc. We have stocked with a complete line of everything for the spring trade. We take produce in exchange at highest prices.

Furchner, Duerig & Co.

Monarch Steel Range

Are you looking for one of the best steel ranges? If you are, call and examine the "Great Malleable Monarch Steel Range." Monarch of them all!

For Sale By

Peterson & Berry

Sole Agents for White Lilly Washing Machine.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Miscellaneous, Personal and Otherwise.

COUNTY TREASURER BUSY

Reports Unprecented Issuance of Receipts—Senior Class of High School Preparing Orations—Death of Infant Child of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leuck—Rev. Wright's Lecture Postponed.

District court convenes here April 25.

Wm. Wright went to Winside yesterday.

The annual Lenten season began yesterday.

For Sale, a good milk cow. Inquire of O. H. Kuhl.

Pete Pryor of near Winside was in Wayne yesterday.

Ed. Johnson made a business trip to Carroll yesterday.

C. E. Gallagher of Wausa, was a Wayne visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. O. H. Kuhl is convalescing after a severe spell of illness.

Gilbert French came down from Winside this morning.

Miss Winnifred Northrop is reported very ill with pneumonia.

Mr. Butterfield of Norfolk, was doing business in Wayne Tuesday.

M. J. Dendinger went to Hoskins Monday, returning Tuesday.

Mrs. A. A. Welch visited in Sioux City the fore part of the week.

Mrs. E. B. Borg of Wakefield, is in the city today visiting relatives.

Alva Beeson who runs a billiard hall in Winside, was in Wayne yesterday.

Jas. Baird, who lives ten miles southeast of town, was doing business here yesterday.

H. E. Koch and wife of Hartington, are here visiting their daughter, Mrs. O. H. Kuhl.

John T. Bressler and family expect to return from their eastern trip in about ten days.

Sheriff Mears went to Hoskins Tuesday to serve official papers, returning home yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H McElroy of Vinton, Ia., are here visiting their daughter, Mrs. D C. Main.

E. J. Tucker, formerly of Wayne, now in the drug business at Pender, visited here yesterday.

D D. Martindale, ex superintendent of schools of Knox county, was a Wayne visitor Monday.

Miss Blanche Hunter is clerking in M. P. Ahern's store in the absence of Miss Nangle who is sick.

W. O. Gamble shipped a car of cattle to Omaha Tuesday. Joe Conover went to the city to market them.

Miss Berger has resumed her place as teacher in the public school, having recovered from her late illness.

John Lutt, who lives three miles west of Wakefield, is reported improving in health after a long spell of illness.

The case of the state vs. Geo. D Kneeland of Sholes, set for hearing before Judge Hunter last Monday, was dismissed.

The ninth grade boys of the high school met yesterday to prepare for an entertainment in honor of the girls of the grade.

F. M. Skeen has rented the residence now occupied by A. E. Kivett, to Eli Bonawitz who succeeds Richard Bros in the livery business.

The lecture advertised to be given by Rev. Wright on 23rd inst., under the auspices of the Federation ladies, has been postponed until March 15.

The city schools are making their selections of pictures preparatory to sending in orders in accordance with the purpose of the late art exhibit.

A company of colored singers entertained a small audience in the opera house Saturday evening. The singing was good and merited a large audience.

Pursuant to instructions from the postal department, the rural free delivery carriers will not make their trips on Washington's birthday, the 22nd inst.

The Reno Novelty Co. showed to a good-sized audience Monday night and those who like sleight-of-hand skill and performing dogs were pleased and well satisfied.

The many friends of Nathan Chace who has been dangerously ill with pneumonia at his home in Stanton, will be glad to learn that he is on the road to recovery.

Terwilliger Bros. are serving an excellent quality of coffee and biscuits at their hardware store this week to impress the public with the merits of the Majestic Steel range.

On Tuesday Miss Jennie Bayer lost a valuable gold watch on the street, and N. J. Juhlin found it, and by the aid of the engraved initials was able to return it to its owner promptly.

The G. A. R. of Randolph and vicinity had a camp fire Saturday evening. A. J. Ferguson of this place was invited to attend and give an address, but was unable to do so.

Wm. Barclay who has been employed as stenographer in the law office of Welch & Davis, has accepted similar work on the Winnebago reservation, leaving for there this morning.

Sam Davies, local news dealer, is now working up the Omaha Bee's list at this place with the prospect of a free trip to the St. Louis exposition. Sam is the oldest and liveliest news agent in the state.

A red and white sow, belonging to J. T. Leahy, scaled its inclosure and decamped Monday night. Any one finding and arresting the wayward animal will be suitably rewarded by the owner.

A. M. Nichols was trampled to death by a stallion at Pender Monday night. The animal became frightened as he entered its stall and struck him and crushed him so badly that he lived only *four hours.*

The tenth and eleventh grades of the high school enjoyed social gatherings Tuesday evening—the former at the residence of Geo Crossland and the latter at the residence of Jas. Bush. All had a good time.

Members of the senior class of the high school are preparing their orations and getting ready to graduate. The class consists of sixteen students—ten girls and six boys. Last year nine girls and one boy graduated.

Nick Hansen returned last Saturday from Correctionville, Iowa, where he spent six weeks visiting relatives. Mr. Hansen expects to enter the employ of Walter Weber on his farm eight miles south of Randolph, about March 1.

Mr. Christian Sahren and Miss Alvine Lilje were united in marriage at the German Lutheran church, north of town last Thursday afternoon, Rev. Guttknecht officiating. A large number of the friends of the contracting parties attended.

A. J. Ferguson has rented the building, now occupied by the Republican office, to C. W. Garlock who will move here with his family from Sioux City March 1. Mr. Garlock will engage in buying and selling poultry, eggs and butter and handling groceries.

The Burt County School Boards' association has its annual meeting on the 27th inst., and among those announced to give addresses is Superintendent Bright of this county, who will talk on "Compulsory Education" and "Annual Meetings."

Messrs. Nellis and Young of Atlantic, Iowa, have rented the building, recently vacated by Wilson Bros., and expect to occupy it March 1 with a stock of general merchandise. The adjoining room, eighty feet deep, is in hands of A. J. Eergnson for rent.

Superintendent Bright informs the HERALD that districts which had hired teachers without certificates, have changed their habits and employed only those duly authorized to teach. With that trouble a closed incident, his official duties are now moving along smoothly.

The ten-days-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leuck of Altona, died Tuesday of this week. Funeral service were held in the Lutheran church this afternoon, Rev. Ringer officiating. Mr. and Mrs. H G. Smith, Mr. and Mrs John Agler and Otto Putzier of Winside, are here to attend the funeral.

Judge Hunter issued a marriage license Tuesday to Mr. Perry Brodd and Miss Cora Reed, both from the eastern part of the county, and one yesterday to Mr. Leonard J. Olson and Miss Anna S. Westland, both of Wakefield. The latter couple were united in marriage by Rev. Wright, of the M. E. church.

The attention of breeders is called to the advertisement of the big combination sale of Registered Hereford cattle, which will be held in Schuyler, Friday, March 11. The offering includes some very choice animals and the sale will cause a large crowd of breeders to visit Schuyler on the 11th. Read the ad for particulars.

The concert of Friday Feb. 26th, promises to a most enjoyable entertainment. As part of the program Miss Spencer will render the pleasing monologue, "A Christmas Star." The local talent who so kindly assist have always pleased their audience heretofore. Reserved seat sale opens Monday 22nd inst.

Chas. Davidson who had some trouble with his wife a few months ago in Tekamah, where he was preaching, was in Wayne Tuesday and left Tuesday evening for Norfolk where he expects, as the HERALD understands, to locate and engage in business. He used to preach in Carroll and was married in this county.

The Ben Hurs gave a party in their hall Saturday evening in honor of the birthday anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Newton. The occasion was a very agreeable surprise to them. Games, refreshments and general sociability made the evening pass pleasantly. Mr and Mrs. Newton were the recipients of appropriate gifts.

County Treasurer Cherry reports that January was the banner month in the history of the county in the matter of issuing receipts. From the 7th to the close of the month of January, 989 receipts were issued, besides redemption, school land and miscellaneous receipts. The increase of work makes life decidedly strenuous for the treasurer and his deputy.

Yesterday's Norfolk News: E. M. Locke of Hoskins, a farmer who drove to Norfolk yesterday and allowed his team to stand out in the driving wind from 10 in the morning until 9 o'clock at night, is in jail on the charge of being drunk and of cruelty to animals. He was arrested late last night by Night Watchman Carl Pilger and his horses were stabled. This is the second case of cruelty to animals that has come before Norfolk police court this week. The horses, when taken up, were almost frozen.

We now have our car of Bread Fruit—best grade Minnesota flour. Every sack guaranteed. Epler & Co.

See Rundell for fresh lettuce, radishes and asparagus. Old vegetables, such as potatoes, onions, cabbages, turnips, parsnips and sweet potatoes. All kinds of smoked and salt fish.

Remember a set of the best cooking utensils, made of copper, steel and enamel, worth $17 50 given away absolutely free with every Majestic Range sold all this week.

COLLEGE NOTES.

Miss Ross, of last year's teachers' class, now teaching near Winside, was as an over Sunday visitor at the college.

Miss Anna Hirshman, after an absence of five weeks, entered school Monday.

Rev. E. B. Young conducted chapel devotions Monday morning and gave an inspiring five minutes' talk to the students.

The social given by the senior class was a successful and very much enjoyed affair, showing that the members of the graduating classes will be leaders in the communities into which they may go, not only intellectually but in social matters as well.

Quite a number of cases of measles have been cared for around the college dormitories, but at the present writing nearly all have recovered. Two cases of pneumonia have also been successfully managed under the direction of Dr. Williams and the careful nursing of Mr. Crossland.

Rev. Wright was a chapel visitor Wednesday morning and gave the students a helpful talk on the value of thoroughness. Talks like this coming at the formative period of young peoples' lives may mean a great deal if properly appreciated, for there seems to be two philosophies of life entertained by the boys and girls of our day. One is that the secret of success consists in merely putting up the best show of attainment, and the other is that true success rests on genuine effort and thorough mastery of knowledge. Those who hold the former view are ambitious only "to pass" in their school work. They come by and by to believe largely in the virtue of scheming and wire-pulling, and think of statesmen as merely successful politicians, the rich as fortunate tricksters and the honest and honorable as skillful deceivers. The boy or girl who believes in the virtue of thoroughness comes in due time to be the unfailing factor in community organization and the real element of the common-wealth's progress and stability. Let every teacher preach and exemplify the doctrine of thoroughness.

Salt and smoked fish at Rundell's.

Don't fail to see the Great Majestic Range bake biscuits in 2 to 3 minutes, all the week at Terwilliger Bros.

CHURCH NOTES.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.

There will be services in the Catholic church here every Friday evening during Lent. Father Haley will hold services next Sunday at 8 and 10 o'clock a. m.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

Subject of Sunday morning sermon "The Gospel." In the evening in place of the regular sermon the pastor will conduct a song service—"The songs our mothers sang." Come and help us sing.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

"Where are the Zebedees?" subject for Sunday morning. Why don't the men go to church? Special music is prepared for the evening. Sunday school follows the morning service. Juniors at 3 p. m. Senior 6:30 p. m. You are cordially invited to any of our services. Come and bring your friends. Cottage prayer meeting next Wednesday evening.

All this week at Terwilliger Bros., Majestic cooking exhibition. You are invited. Don't miss it.

The general verdict of the theatre-going public this season is that "Runaway Match" that is billed to make its first appearance here at the opera house Saturday, Feb. 20th, is the funniest and cleverest piece of farcical construction that ever has been seen on the stage for several years. The piece was built for laugh-making purpose only. That is its only excuse for existence. It is a sort of a dramatic medicine next to fresh air and sunshine. Laughter is nature's cure for all mental ills. "A Runaway Match" is a sort of a jolly hurrah from start to finish. The story is a complicated and funny one. The characters are the incarnation of the spirit of humor. A clever company direct from New York City interpret the farce. Several new and clever vandeville features are introduced and the entertainment from beginning to end is bright and sparkling in the extreme.

After you see the Majestic Range at Terwilliger Bros. this week, you will wonder how you have managed to get along without one so long.

ESCAPED AN AWFUL FATE.

Mr. H. Haggins, of Melbourne, Fla., writes: "My doctor told me I had consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Mr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases by A. F. Lane, Druggist. Price 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free.

A CURE FOR ECZEMA.

My baby had eczema so bad that it's face was a solid mass of scabs and its hair all came out. I had tried many remedies but none seemed to do any permanent good until I used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The eczema is cured, the scabs are gone and the little one's scalp is perfectly clean and healthy and its hair is growing beautifully again. I cannot give too much praise to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve.—Frank Farmer, Bath City, Ky. In buying Witch Hazel Salve look out for counterfeits. DeWitt's is the original and only one containing pure Witch Hazel. The name, E. C. DeWitt & Co., is on every box. Sold by Raymond's Pharmacy.

"The best is always the cheapest." The Majestic Ranges are the best, and we want you to come in and let us show you why. Terwilliger Bros.

A Bale of Cotton--500 lbs

at 15c, 16c and 17c. No telling how high it will go. Don't seem like those old 9c prices, but if you buy cotton goods here you will not pay more than last year. Our orders were placed early last fall, before the big rise in raw cotton. Our spring and summer wash goods, white goods and fine ginghams are now here.

Spring Millinery

A beautiful line of Street Hats and Caps.

AHERN'S

See Rundell For Apples

A DISPLAY of fancy New York apples may be seen at my store any day Come in and see with your own eyes who has the best line of fruits.

MY SALE on apples this season equals that of all of the rest of the merchants of Wayne and Wayne county. Six cars, that's all.

Ralph Rundell,

Sole Agent for "Sleepy Eye" Flour

MILDNER'S

Is the place to go for your Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Choicest Bottled Beers, and Finest Keg Beer always on tap. Our Wines and Whiskies are the best and we can make you an exceedingly low price on them when taken in gallon lots or more. Our Bottled Beers were bottled expressly for family use. When wanting something in this line that is particularly nice call us on the telephone and ask for a case of the famous EDELWEIS BEER, which we will deliver to your home free of charge. Also carry a full line of high grade cigars.

Wayne, Neb.

HOTEL PERRIN

FIRST CLASS

$1 PER DAY

—D. GANDY, PROP—

The Wayne Herald
WAYNE, NEB.
W. RUSE & SON, Publishers

APPEAL TO UNCLE SAM

JAPAN SEEKS GOOD OFFICES FOR HER REFUGEES.

United States Will Take Proper Action, but it is Presumed They Are Kept by the Russians for Strategical Purposes.

Che Foo: There are 100 Japanese still in Port Arthur, *it is said, and there is* some uneasiness concerning their safety. Refugees who have arrived here assert that they were thrown into prison and that their money and clothing were taken.

Washington: Japan will appeal to the United States to prevail on the Russian government to release the 100 Japanese subjects reported detained at Port Arthur. Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, it is expected, will present the appeal to Secretary Hay.

In a cablegram received from Tokio the minister was informed that according to news brought to Che Foo by a British steamer from Port Arthur 100 Japanese refugees had been taken from the steamer by the Russian authorities just before the vessel sailed, in spite of the protest of the Japanese.

Having agreed to look out for Japanese citizens in Russian territory during the war, this government will instruct Mr. McCormick, the American ambassador at St. Petersburg, to inquire of the Russian government on the subject as to the Japanese in question.

The best naval opinion here is to the effect that the detention of these Japanese at Port Arthur is a strategical necessity to prevent the Japanese gaining information as to fortifications, troops, etc. An official said:

"During the siege of Paris, in the Franco-Prussian war, Representative Hitt, who was then in charge of the American legation there, looked after the large number of Germans who were detained at Paris by the French government."

Although Russia's answer to Secretary Hay's note, asking her to respect the neutrality of China and localize hostilities as much as possible, has not yet been received, the state department knows indirectly from London and Paris that Russia will reply favorably. It then will remain for the powers to fix the scope of their note and to draft a more definite proposition for acceptance by the two combatants.

WRECKED IN SIX PLACES.

Fresh Reports of Damage to the Siberian Railroad.

London: There were a number of belated telegrams reaching London from the fate past Sunday night, but they added little or nothing to what is already known regarding the situation there. The mystery surrounding the fate of the Vladivostok squadron is still unsolved.

The Daily Mail, the Daily Telegraph and other papers publish dispatches from Tokio, Nagasaki and Shanghai, reporting the destruction of three Russian cruisers by mines or torpedoes in the Tsugaru strait off Aomori, Japan. The Daily Mail, which at first described the news as official, in a later telegram says the report still lacks confirmation.

It is reported from Tien Tsin that all foreigners and civilians have been ordered to leave Port Arthur.

It is also reported that the Siberian railroad has been wrecked in six places, covering a distance of seventy miles.

LABOR OFFICIALS ASSAULTED

Outrage Alleged to Have Been Committed by Mine Guards.

Trinidad, Colo.: William Fairly and James Mooney, members of the national board of United Mine Workers of America from Alabama and Missouri, respectively, were waylaid Sunday on the road between Majestic and Bowen, Colo., dragged from their buggy and beaten by eight men with stones and revolvers and left lying in the road. After a while they were able to get into their buggy and drive to Bowen. Subsequently they were taken to Trinidad. Mooney was seriously injured and had to be taken to a hospital. Fairly was able to go to his hotel.

No arrests have yet been made. This is the first time since the coal mine strike was inaugurated on Nov. 9, that any of the officials of the United Mine Workers have been assaulted. It is reported that the men were attacked by guards at the coal mines.

SUFFER HEAVY LOSS.

Rumored that 1,800 Japanese Soldiers Have Been Killed.

Nagasaki: Six Norwegian steamers chartered by a Russian naval contractor have been captured. The vessels are the Lena, Activ, Sentis, Seirstadt, Argo and Hermis. They carried coal cargoes. The Hermis arrived here Sunday under convoy of a cruiser.

It is rumored that 1,800 Japanese soldiers have been killed, presumably by the sinking of a transport. Disturbances are reported in Seoul.

Hundreds Visit Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md.: Several hundred people came here Sunday from Philadelphia, Washington and nearby points to view the ruins of the fire, though the crowd of sight-seers was not nearly so large as was expected. The prohibition against excursion trains, and the severity of the weather, apparently had the effect of keeping away thousands who were anxious to come.

Repulsed by Turks.

Berlin: The Frankfurter Zeitung's Salonica correspondent telegraphs that a Bulgarian band numbering 100 was attacked at Dehumbala by Turkish frontier guards, who were reinforced by two companies of infantry. The battle lasted a long time, and the Bulgarians fled at night, leaving twelve dead on the field.

Six Firemen Injured.

Meriden, Conn.: Fire caused by crossed electric wires Sunday completely destroyed the town hall, causing a loss of $130,000. Six firemen were painfully injured

Two Persons Killed.

Cumberland, Md.: Two persons were killed and about seventy-five injured, twenty-five of whom were seriously hurt, in a trolley car accident in Frostburg Sunday. The car ran away on a steep grade, jumped the track and crashed into a telegraph pole.

Trolley Wreck in Ohio.

Cleveland Falls, O.: A heavily loaded trolley car dashed down a steep hill for more than a mile from the center of the town and jumped the track at a sharp curve, the motorman having lost control of his brake. Sixteen persons were more or less seriously hurt.

A GREAT SURPRISE.

Britain's Failure to Indorse Hay's Suggestion.

Washington: "To Russia and Japan the Washington government suggests the propriety of limiting hostilities within as small an area as possible, and of re*specting the neutrality and administra*tive entity of China, that China may be free from disturbances and foreign interests there from menace."

This the Associated Press is enabled to *give as the substance of the note addressed by Secretary Hay on Feb. 10 to the St. Petersburg and Tokio governments.* On Feb. 8, in a note to Germany, Great Britain and France, Mr. Hay invited those powers concurrently to address Russia and Japan with the same suggestion, and on Feb. 11 this invitation was extended to Italy, Austro-Hungary, the Netherlands, Denmark, Spain and Belgium.

Germany was the first to respond with a prompt acceptance of the invitation and the promise that she immediately would address the two combatants.

Great Britain was heard from next, expressing adherence to the principle laid down in the note, but withholding formal acceptance pending an answer to an inquiry whether the "administrative entity" of China involved Manchuria. Japan was heard from quickly, with the answer that she would act readily on the suggestion of the United States if a similar promise could be obtained from Russia.

Italy, Austro-Hungary and the Netherlands expressed sympathy with the idea and promised an answer after consultation with other powers.

There is reason to believe that Spain and Belgium also will accept the invitation. Russia thus far has been silent, and the attitude of France is one of hesitation.

Regarding the attitude of Great Britain, it has been a matter of some regret to the officials here that as the principle is one for which the British government has stood in the past so stalwartly it should hold up for national acceptance of the invitation until it has learned further details. *On the highest authority it can* be stated that there are no details to the secretary's note, as it would be manifestly impossible to hope for concurrent action by so many powers upon any but the most general lines.

FIRING AT SEA.

Noise of Big Guns Heard Off Chinese Coast.

Tien Tsin: It is reported from Chin Wang Tao (about 150 miles northeast of Tien Tsin) that heavy firing has been heard at sea and it is inferred that another engagement has taken place.

London: The Daily Telegraph says the British admiralty has sent letters of warning to all retired naval officers who are eligible for service.

St. Petersburg: An imperial ukase dated Feb. 10 was issued Friday. It commands that all the troops in the military establishments in the Siberian military districts be placed in readiness for war; that all the divisions in the far eastern viceroyalty be brought to war strength and that the army and navy reserves in the Siberian and Caucasian district be called out for active service. The authorities are empowered to requisition the necessary horses.

SLIGHT HOPE FOR HANNA.

Doctors See Small Chance for His Recovery.

Washington: Senator Hanna is passing through the climax of his illness, and Friday afternoon it was feared he was dying, but he rallied strongly and there is again hope that he yet may win the forlorn fight. The odds are much against his recovery, but the sturdy physique of the man, aided by oxygen and powerful stimulants, brought him through when he was sinking rapidly, and possibly may again.

It is now a question of how long the climax of the fever will last, and any hour may see further acute attacks, for Friday's spell was so severe that another probably would witness the end.

Kidnapped Student Still Missing.

Crawfordsville, Ind.: James Zimmerman of Vandalia, Ill., president of the Wabash College sophomore class, is still missing, and the kidnapping freshmen insist that he will be kept until Feb. 22 unless the sophomores acknowledge defeat. The sophomores have searched the country for twenty miles about Crawfordsville, but in vain.

Matches Cause Boy's Death.

Springfield, Ill.: The 2-year-old son of Mrs. Mary Tiernans ignited his clothes while playing with matches and received burns which caused his death a few hours later. Elizabeth Elsie, a 4-year-old girl, who was caring for the younger child, wrapped him in a blanket and ran to the home of a neighbor for aid.

Russians Massacre Chinese.

London: The Tien Tsin correspondent of the Standard sends in a report that the Russians have massacred 100 Chinese at Tiao Yang, in consequence of which the officers at Shan Hai Kwan are greatly alarmed and are appealing to Pekin for protection.

Leaves Bequests of $1,000,000.

Pittsburg, Pa.: The will of Henry W. Oliver, filed Friday, shows he left an estate of $45,000,000. He bequeathed a plot of ground on the south side for a public bath and $47,000 in bequests, to be dealt out by his beneficiaries.

Four Men Crushed to Death.

Steubenville, O.: Four men were crushed to death by the caving in of a large pile of iron ore at the mines of the Junction plant of the Carnegie Steel Company.

Aged Couple Burned in Bed.

Chicago: Lying side by side, 68-year-old David Hinchliffe and his wife were found burned to death. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp.

Couple Married on Train.

Pana, Ill.: William Wanous, a farmer of Cowden, and Mrs. Nellie Jones, a young widow of the same place, were married on a Baltimore and Ohio train between Tower Hill and Pana about 6:45 o'clock in the morning. The Rev. J. F. Shouse, pastor of the Methodist Church at Tower Hill, performed the ceremony.

Acquitted on Murder Charge.

Helena, Mont.: John Dotson, who has been on trial at Missoula for the alleged murder of Frank O'Dell, has been acquitted.

Alderman is Sued by Mayor.

Butte, Mont.: Mayor Patrick Mullins has begun suit in the district court for damages of $20,000 against Ald. John Gleeson. The suit grows out of two alleged defamatory communications addressed to the council and which led to the impeachment proceedings against the mayor.

French Red Cross to Aid.

Paris: A meeting of the French Red Cross Society will be held to determine the character of the relief to be offered to Russia during the war. It is expected that a hospital will be established in proximity to the scene of the operations.

SHE DROVE HIM INSANE.

Novel Defense of Chicago Man Who Killed Former Fiancee.

Chicago: Sensational incidents crowded each other in the trial before Judge Chytrans of Nathan Breen, charged with the murder of Irene Donner, once his *fiancee. The defense was insanity.* Breen's mind, declared his attorney, Mrs. Antoinette Funk, was unbalanced by Irene Donner's flirtations, and when finally she jilted him he became a maniac *and killed her.*

The novelty of the plea was the final sensation. Then when Breen was called to the stand he attacked Assistant State's Attorney Newcomer and flew at the throats of two bailiffs before he was subdued.

Mrs. Funk conducted the case for the defense in a manner which won encomiums from the attorney for the state and other lawyers who were in the court room. She has the distinction of being the first woman lawyer to plead for an *accused murderer in Illinois.*

LOSS IS $85,000,000.

Such is the Composite Estimate of Twenty-Five Insurance Experts.

Baltimore, Md.: A composite estimate of the total loss from the fire, by twenty-five expert representatives of leading insurance companies outside of Baltimore, places the figures at $85,000,000. Some of them think the total loss will be reduced by $15,000,000, as much salvage is being dug out of the ruins. The loss to insurance companies is estimated at 75 per cent of the total loss.

Three thousand laborers, accompanied by carts and trucks, have began clearing away the debris in the burned district. The estimated cost of this work will be $2,000,000. Merchants and bankers are gradually resuming business in temporary quarters outside the fire zone.

FRENCH OCCUPY FORTS.

Transport with Troops Expected in Shan-Hai-Kwang.

Tien Tsin: A French transport with a battalion of troops from Tonquin is hourly expected at Shan-Hai-Kwang (in the gulf of Liao-tung) to garrison the forts which are being vacated by the Russians. It is reported that the tri-color of France was hoisted there Thursday morning, and that the British officer in charge at *Shan-Hai-Kwang protested against the* French occupation. At present there is *only a single sentry guarding the flag.*

"The British commander here, Brig. Gen. Ventry, and his chief of staff, proceeded to Shan-Hai-Kwang Thursday morning."

GUNNERS JOIN JAPAN.

Some of the Best, Whose Terms Have Expired in U. S., Engaged in Orient.

Savannah, Ga.: American gunners and engineers whose terms of service have expired in the United States navy are being transported to Japan in great numbers. The exodus has been in progress for some time in a quiet way, the result being the Japanese navy has secured many of the finest gunners in the world and these at high prices. Col. A. H. Willett of Oregon said Thursday that for several weeks gunners and machinists anticipating war have been passing through Portland en route to Japan.

OFFICIALS DROWN.

Small Boat Capsizes in a Storm i the Philippines.

Manila: It is reported a number of government officials were drowned off the coast of Tayabas, province of Luzon, while returning to the mainland from a festival at Alabat island in a small boat. A severe storm arose and the craft capsized. The list of drowned included Burell and Grace McGrew, teachers; Contract Surgeons F. Tetamore and J. Williams, physicians of the board of health, and two natives.

ONE LIFE LOST IN FIRE.

Gasoline Stove Causes Fatal Blaze in Kansas City.

Kansas City: One life was lost and four other persons injured, one fatally, in a fire that destroyed a three-story brick apartment house at Fifteenth and Harrison Streets. There were several narrow escapes and many jumped from the second and third-story windows.

The fire was started by the explosion of a gasoline stove.

Sues the Steel Trust.

Trenton, N. J.: Alfred F. Stevens has instituted a suit in the court of chancery against the United States Steel corporation to have that corporation show cause why it first increased and subsequently discontinued the paying of dividends on its common stock. Stevens presents figures to bear out the contention that the dividend could have been paid.

Want Russians to Return.

Lincoln, Nebr.: Members of the Russian colony in Lincoln, which numbers 4,000 persons, are authority for the statement that a secret agent of the Russian government is in the city to induce former subjects of the czar to return to the fatherland, enlist in the Russian army and take part in the war with Japan.

King Gives the Bride Away.

London: Prince Alexander of Teck and Princess Alice of Albany were married Wednesday in St. George's chapel, Windsor Castle. King Edward gave away the bride. The whole ceremony was very elaborate and brilliant.

Paul Misik is Hanged.

Hartford, Conn.: Paul Misik, convicted of the murder of Charles O'Brien, was hanged at 12:08 o'clock Friday morning. The murder grew out of a dispute over 35 cents.

More Trouble Ahead.

Constantinople: In diplomatic circles here the fear is increasing that Turkey and Bulgaria will take advantage of Russia's preoccupation in the far east to settle their differences.

Pope Proclaims a Jubilee.

Rome: Pope Pius X. has issued an encyclical proclaiming a jubilee for Feb. 15, the anniversary of the proclamation of the dogma of the immaculate conception, and granting three months indulgence.

To Protect Americans.

Washington: The threatened revolution in Honduras caused the navy department to direct Admiral Glass, senior naval officer at Panama, to dispatch one of his warships to Honduras to protect American interest.

Block the Railroad.

London: A Tien Tsin dispatch confirms the report that the Manchurian railroad was blocked by the blowing up of a bridge on the line and that thirty Russians were killed in the explosion. It also reports the Russian steamers Nonni and Mukden have been captured by the Japanese.

Senator Hanna's Condition.

Washington: Senator Hanna's condition is very serious, if not precarious. His physicians realize this, and are watching the case with the greatest concern. The senator was considerably weaker Thursday.

STATE OF NEBRASKA

NEWS OF THE WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

Find Bodies of the Barkers—Had Been Shot and Killed and Then Buried in a Cattle Shed Not Far from Riverton.

A special from Inavale says: Great excitement prevails in this community over the discovery of the bodies of Dan *Barker and wife, who were murdered* last Sunday night. The bodies were found in a shallow grave in a cattle shed, not far from Riverton, clothed only in their sleeping garments. Bullets from a revolver which had pierced the man and his wife told the story of the gruesome *affair. There were two bullet holes in* Barker's neck and breast and one in Mrs. Barker's breast.

Frank Barker, the murdered man's brother, is held in jail suspected of the crime. Although he strenuously denies his guilt, circumstantial evidence points very strongly to him and it is feared that he will be lynched by the infuriated citizens and the sheriff of Webster County is exercising every precaution to protect his prisoner.

As soon as the mutilated forms were discovered William Walters, a brother of Mrs. Barker, declared that the crime was committed as the result of a love affair, in which Frank Barker, now under arrest, was the unsuccessful rival of his murdered brother. The latter won the hand of the wife whom Frank is accused of killing. Walters is employed in Hohmann's livery barn in this city, and left for the scene of the murder. When the Barkers were first missed by the neighbors Frank was questioned. He told the marshal at Inavale that they had gone to Red Cloud to take the train to Denver, but this was disproved by telephone messages to Red Cloud, where it was ascertained they had not been to that city in some weeks, and where they both were well known.

FATALLY INJURED.

Greeley Center Man Killed in a Runaway Accident.

John Davitt, a prominent citizen and well to do farmer of Greeley Center, was so badly injured in a runaway that he died without having regained consciousness. He had been at a sale in the eastern part of the county, stopping to do some trading on his way home. When he was leaving town about dusk the team became unmanageable and ran. In turning a corner the wagon turned over and Mr. Davitt was thrown out with the above results.

Mr. Davitt was one of the pioneer settlers of the county and had seen plenty of hardships and privations, but was getting in easy circumstances and where he could enjoy life. He was educated at one of the colleges in Ireland. He was considered authority as a historian and was one of the few men who spoke and read the Gaelic language fluently. He was 44 years old and leaves a wife and family of seven children.

CHILD BADLY HURT.

Tines of a Pitchfork Disfigure Her Face.

An accident occurred at the home of S. J. Rice of Harvard, late Saturday evening in which a daughter 7 years of age was seriously injured by the act of herself and an elder sister, 14 years of age. The two girls were about the barn, the elder girl being engaged in pitching straw in at the stable door, when suddenly the younger girl started to come quickly out of the door, neither knowing the other was there, and came in contact with one of the sharp tines in the fork, which penetrated the face in the eyebrow of the right eye in a slanting direction toward the nose, fully one inch in depth, just escaping the eye and brain.

The child has lain in a stupor most of the time, with occasional spells of perfect consciousness, and at this time shows some little improvement.

RUSH TO SECURE THE LANDS

Squatters Make a Break for Claims in Sheridan County.

It has just been learned at Rushville that on Saturday, Feb. 6, the agent at Pine Ridge agency received instructions from Washington to relinquish authority over the extension known as "No Man's Land," in Sheridan County, and a rush is now on to secure choice claims on the extension. Quite a number have already been located, many of which are worth $3,000 to $4,000. The squatters are locating mostly along White Clay and Larrabee Creeks, which are the two finest trout streams in Nebraska. The bottom lands are covered with fine timber.

Loses Hand in Corn Shredder.

The 20-year-old son of William Hecker, who resides four miles south of Beatrice, met with an accident Saturday evening which cost him his right hand. He was operating a corn shredder and as the machine became clogged he reached in to pull out an ear of corn when the knives caught his hand and mangled it so badly that amputation was found necessary.

Fire Threatens Town.

The entire business portion of Allen had a narrow escape from being consumed by fire Friday evening. An oil stove in an upper room of the drug store caught fire and only subsided after a heroic fight by a volunteer bucket brigade, the town being wholly without fire protection.

Starch Factory to Resume.

Manager Powers of the Argo starch factory at Nebraska City, has received orders to resume operations at the Argo factory as soon as the machinery can be got in readiness. Master Mechanic A. A. Crass has arrived and expects to have the factory in readiness at an early date.

Is Crippled for Life.

William Schieferecke, a farmer living north of Petersburg, had the misfortune Tuesday afternoon to fall from a load of hay, and striking upon the frozen ground broke his hip bone at the joint and sustained other injuries that will cripple him for the remainder of his life.

Gas Explosion Wrecks Home.

The gas plant in the home of Robert Lucas, who resides near Foster, exploded and blew one side out of his $10,000 dwelling house. The family escaped uninjured.

Fail to Find the Robbers.

Nothing positive has been learned as to the identity of either of the burglars who entered the bank of Mordock, in Cass County, and took from the safe the sum of $1,489.30, although the Beatrice bloodhounds followed the robbers to Springfield, where the scent was lost at the depot.

Two Fatally Hurt by Train.

J. M. Cope and Erm Cole, two men employed at Grant Ensign's farm, south of Lincoln, were fatally hurt by a collision with Rock Island train No. 41 at Lincoln. The men were in a milk wagon and did not see the approaching train.

LOOKING AFTER LIQUOR SALES

York People Propose to Get After the Express Companies.

At the meeting of the York city council, a part of the time was taken up in discussing the best means to prevent the *illegal sales of whisky in York. A re*quest is made that the druggists of the city make a monthly report of all whisky *sold. The druggists are required to keep out on show cases in plain sight, their* liquor register, and to register every sale.

At the council meeting two druggist permits were issued up until the next meeting, two permits were granted that had been taken away one year ago, owing to remonstrance filed by the temperance *people and one druggist permit was taken away because the city council be*lieved it had been abused. One of the great sources is the express companies, and the city attorney, with the assistance *of the temperance people, will attempt to* secure evidence of illegal sales of liquors by express companies who receive daily from twenty-five to one hundred cases and sealed packages, and before closing hours every case and package is disposed of.

TROLLEY CARS ON RANGE.

Electric Railway Will Connect Springview with Newport.

The proposed electric railway between Springview and Newport is almost assured. At a meeting of the most prominent men in the enterprise it was estimated that $100,000 can be raised by Springview citizens and probably half this amount can be raised at Newport. As only about $250,000 will be required to build the road, it is thought that the remaining $100,000 can be raised by bonding the road, although some eastern capitalists are expected to help finance the proposition.

It is proposed to capitalize at $300,000 and immediate steps will be taken toward the incorporation of the company.

LOVER WEDS; SHE TAKES LIFE

A Twenty-Year-Old Lincoln Girl Takes Strychnine

Without a word of explanation Louise C. Klusman, a girl of 20 years, took strychnine Monday morning at the home of her sister, Mrs. Wilbur, at Lincoln, and died within a few minutes. She calmly informed her relatives that she had taken poison.

For three years Miss Klusman had been a sweetheart of William Ramey, a cook at the insane asylum. Saturday night he married Celia Murphy, a waitress at the same institution. Miss Klusman heard of it and confessed that she loved Ramey. Her despondency and disappointment caused the suicide.

MUST OPEN THE DEPOT.

Peremptory Order Issued by Judge Harrington.

The only civil case of importance at the last session of the district court was the mandamus proceedings against the Northwestern Railway to compel it to keep its depot open at Stafford, a station about twenty miles east of O'Neill. About twenty-five citizens who reside in the vicinity of Stafford were present at the hearing. Judge Harrington, after hearing all the evidence, granted a peremptory writ commanding the company to maintain a depot and agent.

After disposing of a great number of minor matters, Judge Harrington ordered court adjourned sine die.

MOVE TO CHEAPER LANDS.

Cass County Farmers Sell Out at Big Figures and Buy Elsewhere.

Cass County farms continue to change owners at good prices. Milt Moore has sold his 240-acre farm to Mr. Gramlich of Springfield for $100 per acre, or $24,000. William Case sold his 160-acre farm to Peter Stoll for $75 per acre. Arthur Rikli has sold his 160 acres for $75 per acre.

Several Cass County men have been purchasing land in the counties of Pierce, Knox and Antelope, among the number being Chas. Kunsman of Plattsmouth, who has purchased 160 acres in Pierce County for $42.50 per acre.

FOR ILLEGAL FENCING.

Denver Real Estate Man is Arrested at Alliance.

Allie J. Simonson, a Denver real estate dealer, was arrested at Alliance for the illegal fencing of Nebraska land and brought to Omaha. Simonson is a brother of Wm. G. Simonson, an attorney at Alliance and Valentine. John King, John and Herman Krouse, ranchmen, who were arrested with him, were indicted by the federal grand jury at the November term of court.

Killed by a Fall.

Christ Wattenath, aged 84 years, living four miles southwest of Elk Creek, slipped and fell while engaged in carrying in a load of wood and struck his head on the doorstep with force enough to cause concussion of the brain. A physician was immediately summoned, but medical aid proved of no avail and the man died.

She Drank Paris Green.

Calmly bidding her husband goodby, Mrs. Charles Pederson of Havelock drank a mixture containing four ounces of paris green before he could stop her. This was Thursday night. She died early Saturday morning after suffering terrible agony.

Eddie Slattery Not Guilty.

Eddie Slattery, charged with the murder of Henry Shaw at O'Neill last March, was acquitted. The jury was out forty hours. Shaw was killed for going across his land. The shooting developed the most celebrated case in the county since that of Barrett Scott.

Doctors Elect Officers.

The Madison County Medical society at its annual meeting at Norfolk elected the following officers: Dr. Alex Bear, Norfolk, president; Dr. F. A. Long, Madison, secretary-treasurer.

School Bonds Valid.

Every ward in York voted a majority in favor of school bonds. The amount of bonds are $28,000, at 5 per cent. The vote was very light owing to cold, stormy weather and was 422 for, and 208 against.

Changes Mind on Ditch.

Thomas J. Castle of North Bend, who was one of the plaintiffs in the case involving the right of the county to construct the central cut-off ditch, has paid the amount of his assessment into court and will withdraw as a plaintiff.

Priest Case Dismissed.

The case against Henry Priest of Homer, who last week was arrested on a complaint sworn out by Daniel Fritz, charging him with being a fugitive from justice from the state of Iowa, a charge of seduction having been preferred against him in Sioux City, was on Monday dismissed on application of the prosecuting witness upon payment of the costs.

Diphtheria at Gretna.

The family of Jesse Trumble, living at Gretna, has been quarantined on account of diphtheria. Two of the children are reported low with the disease.

NEBRASKA

Short Notes

Many improvements may be expected in the spring at Havelock, among them the brass foundry from Plattsmouth and *the Lincoln lumber yard.*

L. L. Young held a successful sale of Poland-China hogs at his farm four miles east of Oakland. Fifty-eight head were sold at an average of $25.75.

At Grand Island Mrs. Mary Williams, aged 45, was thrown from a wagon by a runaway team and had her skull crushed. Her companion, Paul Kille, aged 65, had his leg broken.

The young women of Mina Rebekah lodge, No. 113, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, at Beatrice, entertained the other members of the lodge at a valentine party Tuesday evening.

During the month of January 83 *cars of grain were shipped from Petersburg,* also 23 carloads of live stock. This is equal to a net cash return to the farmers of that vicinity of $25,000.

At *Fremont the congregation of St.* Patrick's Catholic Church last week succeeded in raising enough money to pay off the balance on the $5,000 mortgage now on their church property.

At *Beatrice there is* some talk that the street railway company, which was formerly owned by Omaha capitalists, may be operated again in Beatrice and perhaps extended into the country.

Louise Klusman, a 20-year-old woman, committed suicide at the home of her sister, Mrs. Mark Wilber, at Lincoln, by swallowing strychnine. She died in the doctor's arms a few minutes after he arrived.

The case against Henry Priest of Homer, who was arrested on a complaint charging him with being a fugitive from justice from the state of Iowa, was dismissed at Dakota City for want of prosecution.

At an early hour in the morning the night watch at Crete discovered that a wagon shop belonging to Frank Fisher was on fire. The alarm was turned in, but the firemen arrived too late to save the building.

The expert accountant, T. C. Cannon of Sioux City, who was employed by the county commissioners to investigate the offices of the clerk and treasurer of Dakota County for the past eight years, has filed his report.

About an inch of snow fell at Grant Thursday, practically the first of the season. The mercury has registered but 10 below so far and cattle are doing well. There is scarcely any feeding and little need for shelter.

Two men, who gave their names as Samuel Adams and B. Arnold, pleaded guilty in police court at Fremont to stealing an armful of goods from Sonin's clothing store, and were given twenty days in jail each.

John T. Nelson has brought suit in the district court at Columbus and asks damages against the Union Pacific Railroad Company in the sum of $2,000 for injuries received while he assisted in coaling engines at the chutes.

H. J. Coffin has purchased lots at Burwell and will erect at once a brick block. It will contain two storerooms and a hotel and barber shop. When completed it will be one of the best buildings for hotel purposes in that part of the state.

Real estate is getting to be in demand *around Burwell.* A deal has been consummated in which A. E. Sutton sells to L. Miner an 80-acre tract of land south of town for $3,000. This same land was purchased by Sutton two years ago for $1,600.

The Sarpy County Teachers' Association meeting was held in Papillion. The meeting was well attended, visitors being in evidence in large numbers. The time of the next meeting has not been decided upon, although Springfield has been designated as the place.

Charles Elliott, carrier of rural route No. 2, which runs out of Beatrice, was injured in a runaway accident. The team he was driving ran away and demolished the mail wagon, throwing Mr. Elliott out on the frozen ground. His injuries are not regarded as serious.

The hospital fair, which was held at Kearney last week, was a success, both socially and financially. It was given for the benefit of the new hospital in Kearney and the proceeds exceeded the expectations of all concerned and amounted to over $2,000.

The Lang Canning and Preserving Company of Beatrice has purchased the broom factory at Ellis, and will remove it to Beatrice. A new company is to be formed, called the Lang Broom Manufacturing Company. The plant will have a capacity of 100 brooms a day.

Paul Andrews, aged 17 years, was caught stealing beer from the saloon of Leonard Bowers at Lincoln and taken to the police station. Andrews is the son of a widow and was employed by Bowers. Andrews had thirteen bottles hidden in the alley near the saloon. The case has been continued.

The Johnson County farmers' institute at Tecumseh was well attended, standing room being at a premium at some sessions. The corn exhibit is a feature of the institute and an excellent display has been made. All corn exhibited will be sent to St. Louis and placed on exhibition at the world's fair.

The mortgage report for Washington County, as reported by George H. Faber, county clerk, for the month of January, is as follows: Number of farm mortgages filed, 13, $24,245; released, 13, $10,675. Town and city mortgages filed, 6, $3,650; released, 6, $3,450. Chattel mortgages filed, 54, $13,287; released, 70, $20,278.

At 3 o'clock Thursday morning fire was discovered in the kitchen of the Thurston Hotel at Columbus. An alarm was at once given and the fire department was soon on the scene. It was, however, hampered for a short time by frozen water plugs, but got water turned on in time to confine the flames to the large storage room on the north side of the kitchen.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the county clerk of the Nebraska City Brick Company. The capital stock is $30,000. The concern is a reorganization of the Nebraska City Vitrified Paving Brick Company. The capacity of the plant will be increased to 6,000,000 brick per year.

Judge Reeder of the district court at Columbus met with the members of the bar and assigned the docket for the February term. The docket contains ninety civil and twelve criminal cases, and there will probably be work for a jury about two weeks.

Jacob Baier, a wealthy German farmer living near Fremont, gave a wedding reception for his son, Gustar Baier, and wife. About 800 guests were present, and to furnish a dinner and supper for them one ox, one heifer, one big hog, fifty chickens, thirty-five ducks and geese, besides quantities of bread, pies, cakes and vegetables and ten barrels of beer were consumed.

At his room on South Ninth Street, Lincoln, Lee Hagerty, aged 21, in the presence of his wife, swallowed carbolic acid, causing death in a few minutes. This was his second attempt within a year. Relatives know of no reason for the act.

STATE CAPITAL LINCOLN CHAT.

Mandamus is not a proper action to recover from a state or county official who has illegally retained moneys of his office after the expiration of his term of office. The supreme court has decided that the *proper action was not pursued in the case* of the County of Gage against G. W. *Maurer, former county treasurer.* Maurer retained from the funds received by him while county treasurer a sufficient amount in excess of the fees of the office to make up the salaries of himself, deputies and clerks. When he made settlement with the county board he acknowledged the retention of the money and deposited a certified check in the Beatrice National Bank for the amount retained in excess of the fees, to be paid to the successful party in the action by the county board of supervisors to recover from him. The case was a test one brought in the interests of the county treasurers of the state to ascertain if a treasurer had a right to retain from the treasury funds of his county a sufficient portion to make up the difference between his salary as fixed by law and the fees of the office.

* * *

For the first time in many months there is money in the permanent school fund and the attention of bankers has been called to the fact that the board of education lands and funds will, at its next meeting, be ready to buy securities to the amount of $50,000 to $100,000. Mr. Mortensen has issued his monthly statement, which has yet to be checked up with books of the auditor. The statement shows that the permanent school fund contains $37,537.24. During the month the receipts in this fund were $120,818.96, while $83,287.72 was paid out. The general fund has a balance of $38,896.39, while at the beginning of the month it had $28,495.76. The cash in the temporary school fund has grown during the month from $120,307.76 to $138,023.81. All of the state funds have increased from $225,445.17 to $294,450.80. The total receipts were $292,679.17, while the payments were $256,618.05.

* * *

The state supreme court has taken an advanced step toward interstate comity in its decision in Cline against Stock et al., from Hitchcock County, in which it holds that Nebraska irrigators using the water of the Republican river to the detriment of a Kansas mill owner may be enjoined in the state courts from making such use thereof. Cline owns a 200-barrel mill at Concordia, in the Sunflower state. He found that his water supply was greatly diminished by the use of the water for irrigation purposes in Hitchcock County, and he sought an injunction in the district court for Hitchcock County restraining Stock and a number of other irrigating defendants from using the water to his detriment. The lower court denied him the writ, but the case is sent back with a reversal by the higher court.

* * *

Lancaster County has begun its first foreclosure suit for the collection of delinquent taxes under the "scavenger" law passed by the last legislature. A suit was filed by County Attorney Caldwell to foreclose on four business lots near the heart of Lincoln, formerly owned by the estate of the late John Ritzgerald. The lots indicted were bought in at a tax sale in 1892 by one speculator and transferred to another three years later. The latter has failed to pay county taxes since that date and it was impossible because of the heavy incumbrance on the lots to sell them to another bidder. The county now having the legal right to sell direct without seeking the aid of the speculator, is exercising its right, hence the suit.

* * *

The gloom in the neighborhood of the state treasurer's office has for the first time in six months been effectually dispelled. The cause of it all is the expectation of the state treasurer that he will be able to redeem from $150,000 to $200,000 in state general fund warrants during the current month. He said that at the rate money is pouring into the treasury in settlement of the county balances he would be able to start the huge floating debt on the down grade for the first time since the beginning of his administration.

* * *

Through the opening of the deadline strip in Sheridan County by the executive order of the president of the United States the state school lands will be increased by the addition of 252 acres in the strip. A section of indemnity land went to the state before the land was withdrawn from entry in 1882. At that time a strip ten miles long and five miles wide along the Nebraska line south of Pine Ridge was withdrawn so as to form a barrier for the bootleggers who had been wont to supply the Indians of the agency to the north with liquor.

* * *

Dr. E. C. Spinney, president of the Bankers' Union of the World, has filed his $15,000 surety bond with the clerk of the supreme court, and it was approved and placed on file. This was in accordance with the order of the supreme court handed down Friday, which modified the injunction temporarily operating against the officers of the company to the extent that they can pay death claims and have access to the books.

* * *

The title to the ground on which the Carnegie library stands, in the city of Lincoln, was declared valid by the court. Sarah Grininger, a non-resident, claiming to have an equity in the site, asked the court to open a decree of foreclosure rendered against her and others. The court refused to reopen the case and affirmed the decision of the lower court.

* * *

The insurance department of the auditor's office is just now busy receiving money for agents' licenses and for taxes imposed on insurance companies. Last month $16,000 was taken in and this month Deputy Pierce figures that all of $22,000 will be paid in. Already 2,500 agents' licenses have been issued and it is believed the list will be greatly increased over last year. This is due to the large number of agents being put in the field by home companies in an effort to keep at home most of that $3,000,000 which is sent out of the state for insurance.

* * *

Attorney General Prout has filed a petition in the supreme court asking that the corporation known as the Northwestern Trust Company of Omaha be dissolved, because it is doing an installment investment business without having secured a certificate from the banking board of the state. Attention was called to this company some time ago by parties in Fremont.

* * *

The state treasurer has issued another call for general fund warrants to the amount of $30,000. They are numbered from 95,542 to 96,003. Others will be called during the month.

THE RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

THE ARMY IS ALERT

Mikado's Troops Reported Rushing To the Yalu River District.

While Japan's warships are engaging the attention of the enemy off the coast, the efforts to perfect invasion of the interior preparatory to an energetic land campaign are proceeding steadily, according to Seoul advices. It is openly admitted that the Japanese land forces are actively engaged in a most important movement, which will come to a climax as swiftly as did Japan's first naval attack.

Japanese troops are advancing toward the Yalu River. There, it is expected, they will meet and engage the Russian forces. The Japanese declare that the numbers of the Russian troops are greatly exaggerated.

The plan of the Japanese appears to be to take the road which lies almost straight to Mukden. They profess to have no doubt that they will be able to drive back the Russian forces toward Harbin. The Mukden road, though nominally under Russian military control, will be subject to constant raids from Chinese bands, who will swoop down from the hills.

Proceeding diagonally, the Japanese intend to cut the line of communication between Port Arthur and the mainland of Manchuria, not only preventing re-enforcements from reaching the Port Arthur garrison, but inflicting damage on the Manchurian railway.

The hope that the Japanese would in the meantime be able to occupy Port Arthur was chiefly based on the belief that the Russian guns could not be brought to bear on any force landing at Pigeon Bay, which is on the western side of Port Arthur, and it was believed that the Japanese admiral would follow tactics almost exactly similar to those intended to be pursued at Santiago, the troops storming the batteries in the rear, while the Japanese fleet lay waiting for the ships of Viceroy Alexieff, who, in the event of a land attack being successful, was obliged to either make a dash for liberty with his crippled fleet or fight where they were against practically hopeless odds.

Only those who went through the Chinese war can quite understand the animosity which exists between the Japanese army and navy. In the former war the army was all to the fore and no little jealousy existed between the two arms of the service, though the navy was then in its infancy. There is tremendous anxiety in the army to score a success equal to that just made by the navy and keen land fighting is expected speedily.

TELLS OF PORT ARTHUR FIGHT.

Tokio Dispatch Says Torpedo Boats Cut Off Russian Retreat.

Statements of all kinds concerning the Port Arthur fight have been published. According to the correspondent of the Paris edition of the New York Herald at Chefu the Japanese torpedo boats succeeded in entering the outer harbor by a ruse. They used the Russian flashlight signals. This correspondent adds that three Japanese torpedo boats were sunk with great loss of life.

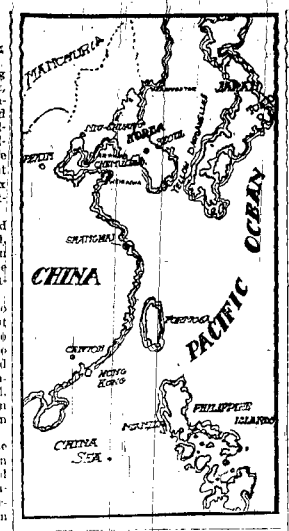
A correspondent of the London Standard at Tokio sends in an entirely new account of the Port Arthur encounter. He says Admiral Togo's fleet arrived Monday night and found the Russian squadron drawn up in battle formation outside the harbor and under the shadow of the forts, the destroyers being spread out in front over a distance of five miles. Admiral Togo decided on a night attack and opened fire at 11 o'clock.

While the cannonade was hottest a number of Japanese torpedo boats crept along close in shore at the foot of the cliff and succeeded in the darkness in getting in between the Russian ships and the land.

They could accomplish it they saw two great warships stricken, and a cruiser, the pride of the Pacific squadron, sorely damaged.

Like the British officers who were summoned from a ball to the battle of Waterloo, the officers had determined on one last evening of pleasure before they entered on the grim business of war. Unlike the British, they had no warning, and when they sought to remedy that which their thoughtlessness had cost they found it impossible.

Not alone the naval officers, according to the Chefu correspondent of the London Daily Mail, were present at the circus, but the military officers deserted their places at the land batteries to occupy seats beside the ring. The honor of Russia, both by sea and land, was left in the hands of subalterns.



RUSSIANS WERE AT A CIRCUS

Busy Applauding a Clown When Attacked by Japanese.

Japan's strongest ally in the attack on the Russian fleet in the harbor of Port Arthur was a circus. While the Czar's powerful fleet swung lazily at anchor in fancied security the officers of the squadron, almost to a man, were ashore applauding the clown in the tan-bark ring and cheering the chariot races and the trapeze performers. When the first guns boomed out their challenge the officers hurriedly left the canvas tent. Hastening to the water front, they found their ships in motion, striving to beat off the Japanese warships that came over closer. They strove to reach the several vessels to which they were assigned, but before daybreak the Japanese had gained their point, and the Russian fleet was in a state of confusion.

MANY RUSSIANS KILLED.

About 200 of the Variag's Crew Lost Their Lives Off Chemulpo.

About 200 of the Variag's crew lost their lives when the vessel was destroyed by the Japanese off Chemulpo, according to a New York World dispatch from Tokio. *The crew of the Russian cruiser numbered 750. Many lost their lives under fire,* but a large number were drowned in attempting to escape. The men loyally aided their officers and it is said *not one of the officers was drowned.*

Many swam not to the shore, but to the foreign men-of-war in the harbor, which promptly lowered boats and went to their rescue. Besides the French cruiser Pascal the Italian cruiser Elba and the British cruiser Talbot aided the refugees. One hundred and fifty, many of them wounded, reached the Talbot. *The Japanese did not lose a man.* None of the fleet, which is known to have been in overwhelming force, was damaged.

The engagement was watched by four foreign warships, including the United States gunboat Vicksburg. They all saluted the Japanese flag Thursday, it being the great national festival of Kigensetsu, the anniversary of the accession of the Emperor Jimmu to the throne and the foundation of the present imperial line, 2,564 years ago.

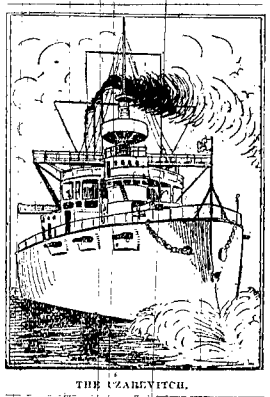
The Japanese troops landed at Gensan are intended to operate with the troops that have been successfully landed at Pingyang, on the opposite side of the Korean peninsula, says a World dispatch from Kobe, Japan. These two forces constitute Japan's second line of defense against the Russians who are marching over the Yalu into Korea. The Japanese preparations are made with a view of closing in on any body of Russian troops that succeeds in forcing its way into the interior of Korea.

RUSSIAN SHIP BLOWN UP.

Transport Yenisei Runs Upon Mine at Port Arthur.

The Russian torpedo transport Yenisei was blown up by a mine at the harbor of Port Arthur Friday. The vessel went to the bottom and four officers and ninety-one men were killed or drowned. Among the officers lost is Captain Stepanoff. This disaster came as unexpectedly as the others that have so seriously crippled the Russian fleet and left the officers and men wearing the Czar's colors in a condition of mind that borders on panicky.

The Yenisei was built at the Baltic works in 1899. She was of 2,500 displacement and could make fifteen knots. Her armament consisted of five twelve-pounders and six three-pounder quick-firing guns.



THE TZAREVITCH.

Russians fired upon the British steamer Fu Ping as she was leaving Port Arthur. Three Chinese members of the crew were killed. The Russians hastened to make an apology and declared it a most unfortunate accident.

The Russian transport Surgari was wrecked in the battle off Chemulpo. It had just reached there with troops to be landed at Seoul. All the survivors of the Variag, Koreitz and the transport Sungari were taken on board the British, French and Italian war ships off Chemulpo.

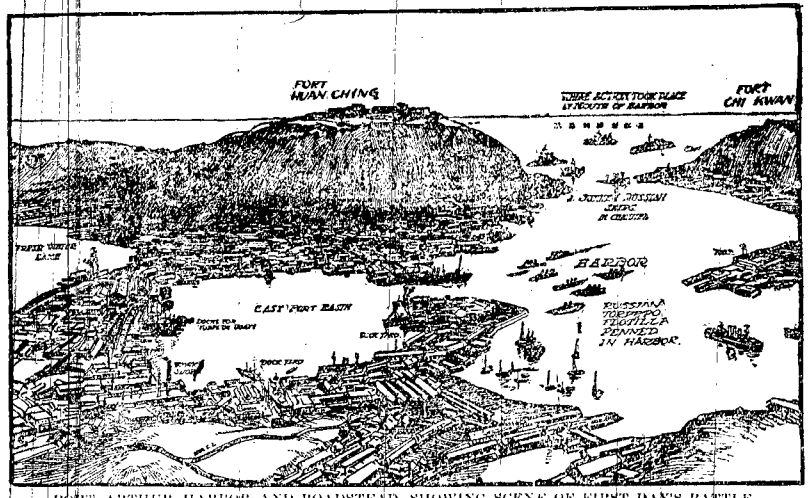
Two Japanese merchant ships, Zensho Maru and Nakanoura Maru, while on their way to Otaru, on the western coast of Yezo Island, from Sakata, were fired on by four Russian men-of-war off the coast of Aomori prefecture and the Nakanoura Maru was sunk, while the Zensho Maru had a narrow escape.

Russia Cut's Out Reserves.

An imperial ukase from St. Petersburg commands that all the troops in the military establishments in the Siberian military districts be placed in readiness for war, that all the divisions in the far eastern viceroyalty be brought to war strength and that the army and navy reserves in the Siberian and Kazan districts be called out for active service. The authorities are empowered to requisition the necessary horses. The movement of Russian troops eastward is being pushed from all directions.

Notice has been given that emigration eastward is suspended. In fact, the Siberian railroad is monopolized by the transportation of troops and war munitions, to the complete exclusion of commercial traffic.

Russia is withdrawing portions of her garrisons on the German frontier, presumably because she is confident of Germany's neutrality.



PORT ARTHUR HARBOR AND ROADSTEAD, SHOWING SCENE OF FIRST DAY'S BATTLE.

JAPANESE MILITARY CHIEFS.
Gen. Kodama. Admiral Yamamoto.

THE WAR IN PARAGRAPHS.

The Russians fired on the British steamer Fu Ping, then apologized.

A Chinese mob destroyed telegraph and telephone wires around New Chwang.

Owing to a storm, the stranded battle ships at Port Arthur may be captured.

At least five Russian commercial steamers have been captured by the Japanese.

Russia has hopes that some power will extricate her from her difficulty with Japan.

Great loss of life is reported in the Japanese attack on the ships at Port Arthur.

Seoul, the capital, and Masampho, a seaport of Korea, have been occupied by the Japanese.

Minister Takahira, in an address at New York, says history will support Japan's course.

The Russian torpedo transport Yenisei was blown up and sunk in Port Arthur harbor by coming in contact with one of the mines. The captain, three officers and ninety-one men were drowned.

Russian disaster at Port Arthur is said to be due to the fact that the officers were attending a circus.

One Japanese merchantman was sunk and another disabled in an engagement with four Russian battle ships.

RUSSIAN BATTLESHIPS CLASH WITH JAPAN'S TORPEDO BOATS.

NEUTRALITY PROCLAMATION.

President Warns United States Citizens and Assures Diplomats.

The neutrality proclamation issued by President Roosevelt is about as complete a declaration as could be conceived. It reiterates general principles between nations, warns all citizens of the United States not to aid either side, defines the rights of all neutrals on sea, and makes the usual declaration that *ships of either* belligerent shall not remain in a port of the United States except in cases of *great emergency for more than twenty-four hours.*

For the express benefit of the Russians special attention is called to the treaty between the United States and the Czar's *government signed fifty years ago,* in which it is declared free ships shall make free goods and that the property of neutrals, even if on an enemy's ship, shall *not be subject to confiscation unless the same shall be contraband of war.*

Unusual stress has been laid in the proclamation upon the section warning citizens of the United States that they *must not enlist or aid personally either* one of the nations at war. Neutrality is not violated by the selling of arms or munitions of war either to Japan or to Russia, but neutrality is violated by any attempt to enlist for service in the armies of either country or recruit men in the United States who are to fight in the army or navy either of Japan or Russia.

Persons who do this are likely to be punished by the United States government, and persons who carry munitions of war on high seas do so at their peril, for such articles are *contraband of war,* and if seized at sea, even if carried by a neutral ship, will be confiscated, and the government of the United States will not make the slightest effort to recover damages for the owner.

Hay's Negotiations.

Secretary Hay in his negotiations, first of all sent individual diplomatic feelers to France, Germany and Great Britain, suggesting that the Chinese empire perhaps, by which, of course, he meant to imply exclusive of the seat of war, which is Manchuria and Korea, should not be considered as the subject in dispute, but that it should be preserved intact by joint action of neutral powers, and for this purpose its absolute neutrality should be guaranteed to them. A favorable reply to this was received from all three great powers which took an important part in the restoration of order and the rescue of diplomats at Pekin in 1900.

Having secured this informal assurance of moral support, the Secretary next forwarded an identical note to Russia and Japan suggesting they should join with neutral nations not in the agreement, but in the general understanding that hostilities in Manchuria and Korea should not be considered as preliminary to the partition of the Chinese empire itself.

Still the third step was taken when the governments of France, Germany and Great Britain sent the same kind of a note to Russia and Japan.

Thereupon Secretary Hay immediately enlarged the sphere of his diplomatic activity, and sent his notes regarding the neutrality and integrity of China to Italy, Austria-Hungary, Spain, Belgium and the Netherlands.

Subsequently the idea of localization of hostilities was submitted directly to Russia and Japan, and it seems that in St. Petersburg and Paris there has been constant confusion between an attempt to limit hostilities to the natural sphere of action and concurrent action by neutral nations to keep China out of the fight and therefore out of the danger of dismembermept.

Japan has agreed to accept everything suggested by Mr. Hay. It is Russia which is holding back. France, an ally of Russia, is quite willing to take action to secure the neutrality of China, but is not yet quite ready to admit that the Chinese empire itself may not be made a proper subject of a treaty of peace between Russia and Japan.

The representatives of Japan and Russia were assured it was not the purpose of the State Department to interfere in any way with actual military operations. The sole suggestion made by Mr. Hay was that the armies should confine their attention to the things in dispute, and should not go wandering all over Asia, devastating neutral countries while ostensibly running away from or pursuing the enemy.

The readiness with which Mr. Hay's views have been taken up by European nations, even including France, seems to show that they are suspicious of both Japan and Russia, and are anxious to have some guarantee that they will not, under the guise of a treaty of peace between each other, swallow up both Korea and Manchuria and leave the great neutral nations to hold the bag.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP

After earnest consideration of the question the representatives at Washington decided not to allow themselves mileage for the trips they did not take at the close of the recent special session. The outcome will be generally hailed as a triumph of logic and close reasoning. The point at issue was whether or not the Congressmen should reimburse themselves for expenses incurred in traveling to and from their homes in the interval between the special and the regular session. It is true that there was no such interval. One session terminated and the other began at the same instant, Monday, Dec. 5, at 12 o'clock *noon.* It is undeniable, however, that somewhere in that infinitesimal morsel of time when both clock hands pointed toward the zenith there was a transition. At one instant Congress adjourned and constructively the members glided over plains and mountains to their distant homes. An instant later the members had returned to Washington and the regular session was on. It can readily be seen how a Congressman, scrupulously anxious to protect the government against the charge of not paying its just debts, must have been worried by such a problem—on the one hand, a sensitive conscience commanding him not to accept money not his due; on the other hand, jealous anxiety for the nation's honor. Fortunately, a way out of the tangle was found at last. A motion for a vote by tellers cleared the atmosphere and the confused minds of the Congressmen as by magic. Called upon to place himself publicly on record for or against the appropriation, each member saw the path of duty clearly before him.

President Roosevelt's elaborate entertaining at the White House is understood to be compelling him to make inroads upon his private fortune. The $50,000 he receives as salary from the government is far too small to stand the strain of a constant succession of receptions, dinners, luncheons, musicales and teas. President Roosevelt is not an exceedingly wealthy man. When he was elected Governor of New York his fortune was estimated at $250,000. He also derived considerable revenue from the royalties on the sale of his books, and his elevation to the Presidency has since increased their popularity. The President has a large family and he is fond of entertaining his friends.

The President himself defrays the bulk of the expenses of his household. The providing the table comes out of his pocket. The furniture is purchased by the government. Provision is made for the payment of some servants. The President is allowed a carriage by law, but he has not availed himself of the privilege. He maintains a large and expensive stable, including several saddle horses for himself and Mrs. Roosevelt and ponies for his children. The President maintains at Oyster Bay, entirely out of his own pocket, a beautiful country seat. Just how much he spends outside of his salary each year it would be hard to say.

For the first time in many years the treasury on Feb. 1 found itself without any gold coin in its vaults. It is explained that this condition is the result of an unprecedented demand for gold certificates during the time when the mints have been fully employed in coining Philippine silver and subsidiary silver for the United States. The increased demand for gold certificates, which could only be issued for gold coin in the treasury, came about through the needs of the larger banking institutions in the great commercial centers, which had large amounts of notes of small denominations on hand which they wish to exchange for gold certificates of large denominations. The Secretary has given instructions for the mints at Philadelphia and San Francisco to begin the coinage of double eagles, and to work overtime until a sufficient supply has been coined to meet all demands.

Up to May 1 the number of pensions filed for injuries in our latest small unpleasantness with Spain reached the astonishing aggregate of 60,000. At this rate of coming in there will be half as many applications for pensions by the year's end as there were men in the war, most of whom never went outside of the United States. The number of soldiers who were sent to Cuba was about 20,000 in all, and a few went for a short time to Porto Rico. In many of the camps disease played havoc, but only a few hundred were actually wounded in service. Two hundred and forty-three were killed in Cuba, including those who died from wounds. Yet 12,000 pension claims have been allowed, and of the 18,000 rejected many have been or will be put upon the list. And this is an expense which will go on year after year, and in the end will cost the government more than the war itself did.

The monthly statement of the government receipts and expenditures for January show a decided falling off of revenues and an increase in expenditures, as compared with the corresponding month of last year. The principal decrease appears in customs receipts, which are shown to be about $2,500,000 for the month, a decrease of about $800,000 from internal revenue sources. The statement also shows that during the month the expenditures amounted to approximately $48,500,000, or nearly $7,000,000 more than for January, 1903. During that month the receipts exceeded the expenditures by about $3,500,000.

THE RAILROADS

A surveying party is now engaged in defining the route of the second Siberian railroad.

The Western Passenger Association has re-elected the outgoing executive committee without change.

The Union Pacific has met at junction points the recent Nebraska grain rate reduction made by the Chicago and Northwestern.

President L. F. Loree of the Rock Island has decided to remove the executive headquarters of the Rock Island system to Chicago.

The Great Northern Express Company has taken out a policy with an indemnity company for $100,000 to protect it against train robberies.

The current issue of the book of the Royal Blue states that the home of transportation exhibits at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition has just been completed by the contractors, having dimensions 550x1,300 feet, and covering an area of 15.5 acres, having been erected at a cost of $692,000.

The Southern Pacific, through its agents of the land and immigration department in Texas, Louisiana, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and other States in the North and East, sold over 1,500,000 acres of land in Texas and Louisiana during the year 1902.

It is reported that the Southern Pacific and the Rock Island will build a causeway with concrete retaining walls, from the city of Galveston to the mainland across the bay.

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe is providing an entirely new set of coupon tickets at all its coupon stations, and it is said the number of forms will be reduced from 1,800 to 900.

The commissioner of railroads for Michigan, in his twenty-first annual report just issued, states that all companies doing business in that State are in a very prosperous condition, the era of prosperity which began in 1898 being fully and satisfactorily maintained.

MEN OF AFFAIRS

An equestrian statue to the late Gen. Franz Sigel is to be erected in New York.

Gov. Bates of Massachusetts has declared in favor of suffrage for women in mupnicipal elections.

Major Elijah W. Halford, U. S. A., once private secretary to President Harrison, is home from the Philippines on a furlough.

Dr. Eduardo Acevado Diaz, the newly appointed minister from Uruguay to Washington, is known in South America as a novelist of high repute.

Lawrence, a great-great-grandson of the brother of George Washington, is a clerk in the library of Congress. In addition, he is the father of twelve children.

Senator Allison of Iowa is the only member of the upper body of the nation who was sworn in in 1873. Former Senator Jones of Nevada, whose term has just expired, was sworn in with Mr. Allison.

SERGEANT MAJOR'S VALENTINE.

YOU'VE got your stripes on your arm and you've got your tin sword," said Sergeant Stipes. "*Why don't you go ahead and marry the girl and get a nice little happy home* down back of the stables and have a weepin' widder a blackmailin' the government when you get your head shot off out in the Philippines?"

Sergeant Major Thompson blushed. "Let up on it, Tommy," he said. "You can have all the fun with me that you want, but leave out other people."

"O, that's all right," said Sergeant Major Stipes. "Don't get mad. Remember, I knowed you when you were a shuckin' corn down in Center township and long before you broke into the service and got yer stripes. Don't get swelled up over the stripes and the tin sword."

"You know better than that," said the sergeant major. "Still, I'm glad I've got my step, because——"

"Because you can marry the girl. But, say, honest, Bill, you never will marry that girl or anybody else if you don't spunk up and ask 'em. What's the matter with you, anyhow? You're a good soldier, a darn good soldier. The way you done down at Santiago showed that all right. You got mentioned in official orders, and the old man said there wasn't anything too good for you as soon as you got well from that tunnel the shell made in your lungs—which nobody ever thought you would. And you never have had cold feet at any time or place that anybody ever heard of, and you are afraid of a little bit of a girl about as big as nothing. Why don't you gallop right up and capture her?"

"I don't know," said the sergeant, meekly. "I guess she wouldn't have me."

Sergeant Stipes stopped and gazed earnestly at the colors waving feebly from the top of the tall flagstaff.

"There are some things," said Sergeant Stipes, addressing the colors, "that give me shooting pains through both knees."

Then he fell in by the sergeant major's side again and the two walked over the snow to the barracks. As he left the sergeant major he said:

"Get her a valentine. That'll fix it all right." The sergeant major thought it over.

That evening after "colors" Sergeant Major Thompson stepped slowly out of barracks and drew on his heavy fur gloves. He stood for a while on the steps drawing in deep breaths of the cold air and throwing his shoulders back.

"What's the matter, Billy?" asked Sergeant Terries of E Company, who was passing. "Goin' to lead a charge, or are you going back to the mess hall and dare the cook to give you some more of that pie we had to-night? You look desperate enough for most anything."

"Just goin' for a little walk," answered Sergeant Thompson awkwardly. "That's all."

Thompson turned and swung off in the darkness. It was a cold night, and the ice and snow made walking difficult, but Thompson kept resolutely on, and even when the friendly lights of the warm barracks shone out on the right of the road he did not pause, but kept on for two miles farther, and then, as he came in sight of a little white cottage, he suddenly began to walk slow. He stood for a long time at the gate of the cottage. The stars winked at him from overhead and the snow glistened and sparkled like a field of diamonds. He stood drinking in the scene until he felt his hands and feet beginning to grow cold.

"Well," he said. And he unconsciously came to an "attention," his figure stiff as a ramrod and his shoulders thrown squarely back. "'Shun, Sergeant Thompson," he sternly commanded himself. "'Shun, you cold-footed coward, you. Eyes right; front; forward, guide right, march!"

He stepped away as if on parade towards the front door of the little cottage. But as he reached the steps he suddenly turned and beat a hasty retreat for the gate.

"Halt!" he sternly commanded himself. "Halt and reform. Steady now, Sergeant Thompson. Steady now. We're going back. Keep up the fire. No skulking now. Steady now, forward, charge!"

Again he moved briskly forward.

"Keep going, men; keep going, men," he murmured. He suddenly found that he had scaled the steps and was actually attacking the front door. Before he was hardly aware of it he had fiercely opened on the inoffensive door by a terrific pounding that reverberated down the quiet street like the fire from a mountain gun.

"Who is it?" came a startled voice from the inside of the house. Sergeant Thompson's feet faced the rear and threatened an ignominious retreat, but Sergeant Thompson by a stern effort rallied his allies and called out: "It is me. It's Sergeant Major Thompson—er—Mister Thompson."

"O," came a laughing voice from inside, as the door was thrown open. "Why, I thought somebody was trying to batter in our door with a battering ram."

The door opened and the light from within fell full on the soldierly figure that stood on the steps. Sergeant Major Thompson came to an attention at once and saluted as gravely as though the Colonel himself stood before him. He didn't know what a fine, soldierly looking fellow he was as he stood there or he might have had more courage.

"Come in," said the girl. She was a slight girl, with a face pale, but exceedingly pretty, and with an air of gentle grace and dignity.

The Sergeant Major marched grimly into the parlor, as though he were going to be court martialed for desertion. He sat down awkwardly in a chair and made a few original remarks about the weather.

"Why, you must be cold," said the girl, "and tired as well. Dear me, you've walked all the way from the fort on this cold winter's night. Why, it must be a good two miles."

The Sergeant Major thought of the walk there and back—eight miles, all told.

"Oh, yes," he said; "it's a good two miles, Miss Ennis."

"Why, I must get you some tea." And Miss Ennis hurried around and soon had a tea kettle bubbling over the fire in the kitchen. She brought the tea in and poured the Sergeant Major a cupful. "Drink it right down," she said as she handed him a cup. "You're so cold."

The Sergeant Major tossed the tea off. The girl took her cup and sipped the tea just once. "Goodness!" she gasped, "it's scalding. Why, how could you?" She looked at the sergeant. His face was purple and his eyes were bulging from their sockets. She caught up a glass of cold water and handed it to him, and he drank it eagerly.

"Why, Sergeant," said Miss Ennis, "I'm awfully sorry. I didn't intend to scald you. But I didn't mean for you to toss it off that way."

The solicitude in Miss Ennis' face and tone caused the Sergeant to turn shades *as many shades as he did when he gulped* down the tea.

"That's all right, Miss Ennis," he said awkwardly. "I like tea that way. It's *the way I always drink it.* Honest, I do." He picked up a second cup and would have downed that in the same way if Miss Ennis had not stopped him. At the same moment she realized the beauty of the little act. While drinking a cup of scalding tea to spare a woman's feelings may not be as fine a thing as charging a battery, Miss Ennis thought it was nearly so. Her eyes shone, and she looked at the Sergeant in such a trustful, *admiring way that he wiggled awhile in* his chair and then stood up.

"I've got to go now, Miss Ennis," he said. "Got to get back to quarters. Was just going by and saw your light and thought I'd drop in."

Miss Ennis smiled and held out her hand. "Good night, Sergeant," she said. "I hope you will come in and see us again, mother and I. She is ill to-night, or I would have had her come in."

The Sergeant stood turning his hat in his hands. "O, that's all right," he said. "I didn't want to see her, just you—er—that is, did want to see you—your mother of course—not you—that is——"

Miss Ennis smiled and shook the Sergeant's hand. "I understand," she said. "Good night, Mr. Thompson."

"Good night," said the Sergeant.

He passed out of the door and down the steps and then set off at a truly remarkable pace for the barracks.

All the way back he was thinking of the valentine he would send Miss Ennis. He didn't know much about valentines except that the old practice of sending elaborate laced affairs bordered with hearts and Cupids had dropped almost into disuse and that only comic ones were sent nowadays. Still, he resolved to go back to the old fashions and send as elaborate a one as possible. He would have it in a box with three or four books that he knew Miss Ennis wanted, and, perhaps, for the sake of the books, she would forgive such a sentimental thing as a valentine. He wouldn't put his name on the valentine or the books, and she needn't know who sent it. But he felt that he would be happy in the knowledge that even in this old-fashioned and roundabout way he had let out a bit of the love that burned in his bashful, fainting heart for the pale little girl with the big blue eyes.

The next two or three days he was much preoccupied and had little to say to his friends. He got leave one day and went down into the city, and, after a hard search, he found a place where valentines were sold and he bought the most elaborate one he could find. Then he bought the books and went back to the fort.

He left the package at the station until after dark, and then he went down quietly and came back with the precious bundle, which he secreted in his trunk.

On St. Valentine's night Sergeant Thompson waited impatiently about until towards 8 o'clock, when he procured his precious package out of the trunk and started off to the Ennis cottage. He walked slowly as he neared the house. He heard a scuffling and a scrambling on the little porch, and he tiptoed along and peered keenly through the darkness. He saw two or three small figures, apparently boys of the neighborhood, who seemed to be pinning something on the door. They knocked and hastily ran back. Miss Ennis opened the door and, reaching out, took the fluttering paper and started in with it. She sat down in the little parlor, and, opening the paper the boys had tacked to the door, sat staring at it. Thompson, from where he stood, saw her begin to tremble. Then she dropped the valentine to the floor and covered her face with her hands, and she shook as though with convulsive sobbing.

Sergeant Major Thompson's blood boiled. He wanted to open on those boys with shrapnel at thirty yards, but unfortunately all the field guns were at the fort.

The boys crept up to the porch again and this time they knelt down and chalked a small square on the doorsill to represent a valentine. They loudly knocked at the door again, but just as they started to run Sergeant Major Thompson had suddenly converged out of the darkness on their flank and was now attacking in force. He caught three of the boys in his arms, but they struggled fiercely for release and his package fell to the porch and the string that bound the books was broken open by the wildly flying heels. The door opened again and Miss Ennis stood looking out in astonishment at the scene.

"Why, Mr. Thompson," she gasped.

"I've caught those boys," gasped the Sergeant Major, "that's been leaving those ugly comic valentines for you."

"Why, Mr. Thompson," said the girl, "they weren't ugly. They were funny. These boys are all my good friends." The Sergeant Major suddenly released his captives, who stood somewhat dishevelled and indignant around him. "I thought—that is—you know—you cried when you saw the valentine they pinned on the door."

"Why, I was laughing," said the girl. Mr. Thompson sounded the recall and began a flank movement when one of his former captives made a sudden dash and caught up the valentine that the Sergeant Major had bought and which had fallen out of the package that had been kicked about under the flying feet.

"Well, Miss Ennis, here's a valentine that's pretty, all right," he shouted. "All hearts and Cupids and things, and it says, 'May I be your valentine?' O, Miss Ennis, the Sergeant Major wants to be your valentine."

The small boys jumped about and shouted with glee.

The Sergeant Major hesitated for a moment between killing all of his tormentors with one volley or ordering an ignominious and immediate retirement. He decided on the latter, and had already begun the movement to the rear when he saw Miss Ennis standing in the door looking the picture of humiliation and despair.

Sergeant Thompson was not the kind of man to leave a wounded comrade under fire. He stepped forward almost before he was aware what he was doing. He stood before Miss Ennis at attention and saluted gravely. He hardly knew what he was saying.

"I have to report," he went on in husky tones, "that I did bring that valentine for you and those words are what I would like to say. May I be your valentine?"

Miss Ennis was crying now in earnest. The tears made the Sergeant Major a soldier again. He was loved by his Colonel because he was cool-headed and knew what to do in an emergency. He knew now. He stepped quietly into the house and drew Miss Ennis with him. He shut the door in the faces of the staring boys. He pulled down the window curtain and then he took Miss Ennis up in his arms and kissed her and made her say "Yes" again.

Best She Could Do.

"Did you marry for love?"

"Yes, I married my Arthur for love. At the same time, I would have liked to have made a different sort of match for love."—Fliegende Blaetter.

Marriage is a lottery. That's why the law discourages it as much as possible.

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50c a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

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Zur Unsere Deutschen Leser

Unter der Verwaltung von Rosina Biegler.

Herr August Kay war am Dienstag in unserer Stadt.

Herr Johann Harder und Karl Miller waren in der letzten Hälfte vergangener Woche Geschäfte halber in der Stadt.

Herr Johann Roßacker, dessen Auction wir schon vor einiger Zeit erwähnten, hat sich ein Haus in Carroll gekauft und wird daselbst sein Heim machen.

Am 11 Februar c. a. fand in der Deutschen Lutherischen Kirche des Herrn Pastor Gutknecht, die Hochzeit des Herrn Christ Sohren mit Fräulein Alvine Lilje statt.

Frau H. Grimm senior, neun Meilen südlich von Wayne wohnhoft, war seit einiger Zeit krank, ist jedoch wieder auf dem Weg der Besserung. Dr. Niemann hatte sie in Behandlung.

Joseph Mertens von Emerson, der vor ungefähr einem halben Jahre als irrsinnig befunden wurde und für den man in einem Privat-Irrenheil-Asyl in Cincinnati, Ohio, Heilung suchte, ist dem Staats Irrenhaus in Lincoln überwiesen worden.

Herr Johann Carsten, welcher bisher eine 160 Acker Farm acht bis neun nordwestlich von Wayne besaß, tauschte dieselbe gegen einen Leih u. Futterstall in Laurel. Er beabsichtigt in Kürze eine Auction von landwirtschaftlichen Geräten, Vieh u. s. w. auf seinem alten Platz zu halten.

Herrn Georg Bieglers Schwiegermutter, Frau F. Hindalong in Bloomfield starb am Samstag Mittag. Lungenentzündung war die totbringende Krankheit. Sie litt ungefähr zwei Wochen. Sie hinterläßt einen Wittwer und sieben Kinder, die teils noch in zartem Alter stehen.

Die Gebrüder Terwilliger haben diese Woche hindurch den Vertreter der Majestic Steel Range Company Herrn Hofmann, einen jungen Deutschen von St. Louis, Mo., in ihrem Laden, der die Vorteile ihres Kochherdes den respectiven Käufern zeigt. Er thut dies nicht nur in Worten, sondern auch in der That, indem er in drei Minuten gebackene Biscuit den Gästen zum Kosten bietet und eine Tasse ausgezeichneten Kaffes anbietet. Diese Fabrik war die erste die vor 34 Jahren Kochherde aus Stahlplatten und hämmerbaren Eisen herstellte; sie fabriziert nichts anderes als die einzige Spezialität und beschäftigt dabei in ihrer Fabrik beständig 500 Arbeiter. Es ist ein ausgezeichneter Ofen, den sie herstellt.

Am Montag Morgen wurde unser Nachbarstädtchen Martinsburg in Dixon County durch einige freche Banträuber heimgesucht. In der Dunkelheit der Nacht hatten sie Eingang in das Bankgebäude sich verschafft und hatten mit Dynamit den feuer festen Geldschrank geöffnet, doch hatten sie die innerste Abteilung desselben nicht blosgelegt. Infolge dessen bestand ihre Beute nur in ungefähr 70 Dollars werth Postmarken und Postwertzeichen. Durch die Explosionen waren die Einwohner der Stadt wach geworden und mit Schießwaffen ausgerüstet verfolgten sie die Banditen, die die Flucht ergriffen, nicht ohne jedoch das Feuer der Verfolger zu erwidern. Das Bankgebäude selbst erlitt durch die Dynamite—Explosionen ziemlichen Schaden. Ponca Capitalisten, darunter G. L. Wood und E. Mellon sind die Eigentümer der Bank.

Der gegenwärtige Krieg zwischen Japan und Rußland richtet nicht nur die Augen der civilisierten Welt auf die beiden kämpfenden, Nationen sondern auch auf das angrenzende China. Es ist ja chinesisches Territorium, um dessentwillen theilweise die Streitfrage zwischen den beiden Combattanten sich erhob. Viel wird zur Beilegung oder noch größeren Verwicklung der Kriegslage das Verhalten Chinas selbst beitragen. Die verschiedenen Großmächte, die um der Boxerbewegung willen in China intervenirten, fürchten; daß der gegenwärtige Krieg auch in China neue Unruhen herauf beschwören könnte. Unser Marine-Amt hat wieder die Frage des Baues von solchen Kriegsschiffen erwogen respectiv angeregt, die nur geringen Tiefgang haben und eventuell in Unruhen in China auf dem Yansekiang und etwaigen andern Flüssen benutzt werden könnten. Es wäre sehr zu bedauern, wenn auch in China sich wieder Kriegsunruhen bemerkbar machen sollten. Denn seit der Boxerbewegung fing eine andere Revolution, eine stille Revolution der Cultur an gesegnete Einflüße auszuüben. Ein Herr Dr. Ament schreibt darüber: Seit der Boxerbewegung fiel es Tausenden, wenn nicht Millionen wie Schuppen von den Augen; sie sahen Menschen wandeln wie Bäume, sahen daß etwas vor sich ging und wußten doch nicht recht was. Dies hereinflutende Licht bestrahlt nicht so grell das gewöhnliche Volk als vielmehr die Beamtenwelt. Sie sehen, daß es mit dem alten Schlendrian nicht mehr so fort gehen kann. Aber das Rätsel tritt an diese teils literarisch gebildeten Kreise heran: Wie eignen wir uns die Vorteile der westlichen Bildung an, ohne irgendwie der Religion der dieselben vertretenden Nationen nahe zu treten, oder ihr gar Zugeständnisse zu machen. So fangen sie denn an, die bezopften Glieder des himmlischen Reiches, Mathmatik, Geographie und europäische Sprachen zu studieren, suchen sich aber immer noch dem Umgang der Fremden zu entziehen. Bücher dieser Wissenschaft kaufen sie von den Japanern, die natürlich jedes Zeichen und Beigeschmack der christlichen Religion daraus fernhalten. Einige freilich fangen an einzusehen, daß die Missionare in ihren Schulen eine echte Bildung zu viel niedrigern Kosten anbieten. Der neue Sauerteig fängt an zu wirken und obwohl noch kein Zeichen zur Annahme der christlichen Religion vorhanden, so ist der Ausblick doch ein günstiger und hoffnungsvoller. Wie schade, wenn da ein blutiger Krieg wieder ernste Hindernisse bereiten sollte!

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YEARS OF SPECIAL PRACTICE AFFORDING EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES.

FACTS WORTH MENTIONING BY DR. CALDWELL

Several years ago, while in private practice, I thought it wrong to advertise, simply because I had been told so and had not had experience enough to know better. After a while I discovered a valuable plan of treatment in certain cases, and fortunately obtained a large number of patients, enough to fully test my plan and prove its success. I thereupon prepared a lengthy paper upon the subject and read it before the state medical society. What was the result? A half a dozen members took the floor to say what the treatment had been for a hundred years back, and to claim that the old treatment, though unsuccessful, should be continued, notwithstanding that the new treatment had been successful I thought differently and continued to use the new method, and made remarkable cures of cases that had been pronounced incurable. My business increased rapidly as each person that I cured told some friend, who came in turn and was cured. Each person advertised me a little. What then? In that large city there were not more than 400 cases of the kind. I cured every case that came to me and then had nothing to do except the ordinary business of a local physician. I knew there were hundreds and thousands of others elsewhere who might be cured if they only knew; and I advertised. Cured hundreds of others, and have advertised ever since. I have relieved more suffering, cured more patients, made more people happy, and done more good generally because I have told the people what I can do, and I shall go on with the good work as long as my strength will permit.

I advertise because I have something worth advertising. I have made myself competent by years of special study and experience, and by the expenditure of large sums of money. By advertising I place before the people the facts which enable them to know what I can do. I thereby reach thousands, who, given up by local physicians, or unsuccessfully treated, give themselves up as incurable. I cure them and thereby enlarge my field of usefulness. By no other way than advertising could these people have known that they could be cured. Every thrifty and prosperous business in life save those of law and medicine, advertise freely. Lawyers do not, for they only use in their business what others have made for them years before. They only do what has been written. "Regular" doctors do not advertise for the same reason. They have nothing new, nothing which some one else has not written or told them of, they get their knowledge from the books. A man may read medicine until he is blind and then know nothing of it. To be successful he must apply his own mind. Make his own researches, and to do that he must have room and opportunity. He must have cases, hundreds of them, and compare results. If he does not do this he is a machine without novelty, skill or ingenuity, still plowing with a wooden plow, still traveling on foot or horseback, and ignoring the advantages of steam, living but not learning. The same is true of a lady doctor.

Below you will find published the names and addresses of some of the recent cures that I have made. These people's afflictions were, under the ordinary physician's care, considered hopeless, and no prospects for a cure,

Sophia Kran, Albion, Neb., cured of a bad skin disease.
Mrs. Lulu Towsley David City, Neb., cured of female trouble and female weakness.
Mrs. E. A Studer, Wayne, Neb., cured of female and nervous troubles.
Mr. C. T. Mosley, Meadow Grove, Neb., cured of heart trouble and bronchial and nervous troubles.
Mrs O Linn Hoskins, Neb., cured of ovarian trouble and bladder trouble.
F. J. Roh, Albia, Neb., cured of bronchial trouble, enlarged liver and dropsy.
Mrs. Minnie Rudat, Columbus, Neb., cured of skin disease and kidney trouble.
Mrs. D. W. Burr, David City, Neb., cured of skin disease, nervousness and loss of appetite.
Mrs. Chas. Miller, Wayne, Neb., cured of dropsy, kidney and liver troubles and nervousness. She had been troubled for years.
Mrs. C. W. Anderson, Norfolk, Neb., cured of general debility, enlarged liver and pain in chest.
Mrs. John Bauman, Benton, Neb., cured of bladder and constipation.
Mrs. S. P. Julick Tekamah, Neb., cured of tumor, womb trouble, loss of appetite and constipation.

AT THE BOYD HOTEL, FEB 24, 1904

NEARLY FORFEITS HIS LIFE.

A runaway, almost ending fatally, started an ulcer on the leg of J. G. Orner, Frankiyn Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for burns, bruises, skin eruptions, and piles. 25 cents at A. F. Lane's drug store.

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A strong, healthy, active constitution depends largely on the condition of the liver. The famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers not only cleanse the system but they strengthen the action of the liver and rebuild the tissues supporting that organ. Little Early Risers are easy to act, they never gripe and yet they are absolutely certain to produce results that are satisfactory in all cases. Sold by Raymond's Pharmacy.

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"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and general nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. The have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents Satisfaction guaranteed by A F. Lane.

HAVE YOU INDIGESTION?

If you have Indigestion, Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will cure. It has cured thousands. It is curing people every day—every hour. You owe it to yourself to give it a trial. You will continue to suffer until you do try it. There is no other set of digestants that digest and rebuild at the same time. Kodol does both. Kodol cures, strengthens and rebuilds. Sold by Raymond's Pharmacy.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Phil Kohl visited Sioux City Tuesday.

Walden Tucker of Winside, Sundayed in Wayne.

Sam Wilson came down from Plainview Monday.

Wm. Bayes of Winside was a Wayne visitor Friday.

Joe Jones of Carroll was a Wayne visitor Saturday.

Attorney Berry was doing legal business in Carroll Monday.

Geo Bigler was a Bloomfield passenger Saturday morning.

Ted Philleo made a trip to Vermillion, S D., last Saturday

Bert Brown and Chas. Robbins were here from Carroll Tuesday.

August Kay, who lives near LaPorte, was a Wayne visitor Monday.

Jno. D Haskell of Wakefield, was doing business in Wayne Friday.

Homer Skeen of Pierce, visited relatives and friends in Wayne yesterday

A son was born Sunday to Mr. and Mrs. Ray Agler who reside near LaPort

Editor Lundburg of the Carroll Index was in Wayne between trains Saturday

Auctioneer Cunningham attended a live stock sale in Wakefield Saturday.

Mrs. W. L. Jones of near Winside visited friends here Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. J. C. Ecker, editor of the Winside Tribune, was a Wayne visitor Saturday.

John Rossacker who had an auction sale, southwest of Wayne, has moved to Carroll.

Frank Weible and A. H. Carter of Winside, were in the city on business Monday.

P. F. Panabaker arrived home Sunday evening from a business trip to New York.

Miss Edna Kass visited the family of L. F. Holtz in Randolph the latter part of last week.

Prof. Littell and Miss Ringer of the Winside schools, spent Saturday and and Sunday in Wayne.

John Harder and Carl Miller, who live ten miles north of town, were doing business here Saturday.

John Carstens has traded his 160-acre farm, nine miles northwest of town, for a livery barn in Laurel.

A. G. Powers went over to Ponca Friday to spend a few days with his family, returning here Monday.

Andrew Tweed who was here visiting his brother, E C. Tweed, returned Saturday to his home in South Dakota.

I. W. Alter left for Grand Island Tuesday to attend to business in connection with the A. O. U. W. grand lodge.

Henry Henrichs went to Arlington Monday morning to visit his daughter and son-in-law and to renew old acquaintances.

Mr and Mrs A. L. Tucker arrived home Saturday evening from Buffalo, where they were called by the death of Mr. Tucker's brother.

Chas. Steen, who has been an employe on the Northern Pacific out of Tacoma, visited his brother, Taylor Steen, at this place last Thursday.

Mrs. W. Huse and Mrs. R A Hopkins and son, Alfred, came down from Norfolk Saturday afternoon and visited the HERALD family until Tuesday.

F. L. Neely informs the HERALD that Mr. Bell, promoter of the proposed new telephone line, will return here soon to resume work on the undertaking.

Mrs. F. Hindalong, mother of Mrs. Geo. Biegler of this place, died of typhoid pneumonia at her home in Bloomfield Saturday, aged 51 years.

Mrs. J. M. Cherry went to Norfolk Tuesday morning to attend the funeral of John Gow who died there Sunday evening, just ten weeks after the death of his wife. Mr. Gow was a cousin of Mrs. Cherry's mother.

Father Haley celebrated Mass in the Catholic church Sunday for the first time since his illness with pneumonia. He was confined to his residence about three weeks. He is still pretty weak from the effects of the disease and it will be some time before his health is fully repaired.

Robt. Prichard, L. J. Hughes and A. J. Ellensworth came down from Carroll Saturday to take in the sights. Mr. Hughes is just recovering from a severe injury which he sustained while hauling lumber a few weeks ago. One of the lines broke and he fell to the ground, bruising his head and shoulders.

Bring your sale bills to the HERALD office where they will be printed neatly and quickly by one of the best printers in the state.

BAND INSTRUMENTS FOR SALE.

Two new Bb tenor slide-trombones at less than half of cost.—C. E. WHITNEY.

TO DAIRYMEN.

Terwilliger Bros. are buying Separator Cream now, bring us in your cream.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

My farm of 400 acres, five and one-half miles south of Wayne. Inquire of C. J. LUND, Wayne, Neb.

Try White Wine of Tar Cough Syrup at 25 and 50 cents, Guaranteed. At Lane's Drug Store.

Heinz's apple butter, the best, at Gandy's.

Pedigreed Poland China boar for sale by C. E. Gildersleeve.

A. N. Matheny meets all competition.

Maple sugar and maple syrup, at Gandy's.

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Via Illinois Central R. R. to New Orleans and the weekly Southern Pacific S. S. "Louisiana" to Havana. Leave Chicago and Cincinnati Friday morning, leave St. Louis and Louisville Friday noon, arrive New Orleans Saturday 10 a. m., leave Saturday 2 p. m. arriving at Havana Monday morning. Round-trip and one-way through ticket at unusually low rates. Free Illinois Central R. R. Illustrated Folder on Cuba, giving all particulars, on application.

Ocean Steamships from New Orleans

Ocean steamships sailing from New Orleans for Mexico, Panama, Central and South America, West Indies and Europe, concisely set forth in a special folder issued by the Illinois Central R. R. Send for a copy.

Mexico, California

Tour of all Mexico, via Illinois Central R. R., escort of Beau Campbell, General Manager American Tourist Association Quincey Building, 113 Adams St., Chicago, leaves Chicago January 26. Select clientele. Limited. All exclusive privileges, independent travel. Special Pullman Vestibuled train. Drawing rooms, Compartments Library and Music Room, with the largest Dining Car in the world, and the famous open top observation car, Chilititli. Special Baggage car. Tickets include all expenses everywhere.

Special Tours of Mexico and California via the Illinois Central and New Orleans under the auspices of Raymond & Whitcomb, will leave Chicago Friday, February 12, and St. Louis Saturday, February 13, 1904, for Mexico and California via New Orleans, including a stopover for the Mardi Gras; also from Chicago Friday, March 4th and from St. Louis Saturday, March 5, for California via the Illinois Central and New Orleans. Entire trips made in special private vestibule trains of finest Pullmans, with dining car service. Fascinating trips, complete in every detail.

Illinois Central weekly excursions to California. Excursion cars through to Los Angeles and San Francisco as follows: Via New Orleans and the Southern Route every Wednesday from Chicago; every Tuesday from Cincinnati. Via Omaha and the Scenic Route every Wednesday from Chicago.

Mardi Gras

This occurs at New Orleans on February 16, 1904. For it excursion rates will be in effect to New Orleans on specific dates which your local ticket agent will be able to advise you.

New Orleans

A delightfully unique city for the tourist to visit. Winter tourist rates now in effect. Double daily service and fast steam-heated vestibule trains with through sleeping cars, buffet library-smoking car service and all meals enroute in dining cars. Ask for an illustrated book on New Orleans.

Gulfport, Mississippi

The Great Southern Hotel, at Gulfport Miss., on the Mexican Gulf coast, has 250 rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath. Steam heat, electric light, hot and cold running water, and telephone in every room. Reached via Memphis and the Illinois Centrale's fast morning trains carrying sleeping and buffet-library cars, with a single change on same train enroute at Memphis, into through sleeping car to Gulfport. Send for illustrated folder describing Gulfport and the hotel.

FLORIDA

Through "Dixie Flyer" Sleeping car lines St. Louis to Jacksonville and Chicago to Nashville, the latter connecting enroute with through Jacksonville car from St. Louis. Route via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta.

Hot Springs, Arkansas

Through Sleeping car between Chicago and Hot Springs carried on the Central's fast Pullman vestibule "limited" train. Send for book describing this most interesting of health and pleasure resorts.

FULL PARTICULARS concerning all of the above can be had of agents of the Illinois Central, or by addressing the nearest of the undersigned representatives of the "Central."

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